Audited Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

COPY

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Audited Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Charles Kemp, Mayor

Board of Town Commissioners

Perry Ashley

Carol Leak-McKenzie

Wayland Lennon, III

Jeffrey J. McCree

Wade Sealey

Charles Townsend

H. Blake Proctor, Town Manager

Linda Vause, Finance Officer

Jenny Larson, Town Clerk

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2010

I.	Financial Section	rage
	Independent Auditor's Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	2
П.	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Assets	9
	Statement of Activities	10
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	11
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	12
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	14
	Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	15
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	16
	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	17
	Notes to Financial Statements	18
m.	Individual Fund Financial Statements Section	
:احظ)	General Fund	
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	33
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheet	39
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	40

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2010

III.	Individual Fund Financial Statements (continued)	Page
	Special Revenue Funds	
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
	Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund	41
	Cemetery Fund	42
	Parks and Recreation Fund	43
	Golden Leaf Project Fund	44
	Community Development	45
	Enterprise Fund – Proprietary Fund Type	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Water and Sewer Fund	, 46
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	49
IV.	Statistical Section	
	Schedule of Cash and Investments	50
	Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy	51
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	52
v.	Compliance Section	
	Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	53

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS

American Institute of CPAs N.C. Association of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Fairmont's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the ABC Board of the Town of Fairmont were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregating remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion thereon.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated August 12, 2010, on our consideration of the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and the other schedules and statistical information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lumberton, North Carolina August 12, 2010

ina S. Preston Wouglas, associates, up

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Fairmont, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Fairmont for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the Town of Fairmont exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$8,294,776.

The government's total net assets decreased in the amount of \$375,772.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$480,749. Approximately 73.41% of this total amount, or \$352,899, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$244,977 or 13.04% of total General Fund expenditures.

The Town's total debt decreased in the amount of \$52,421 during the current fiscal year. The primary reason was incurring a new loan in connection with a drainage project less routine payments made on long term debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and the 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to present readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to the private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets represents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Fairmont is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities represents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, transportation, environmental protection, and economic and physical development. The business-type activities of the Town are confined to water and sewer services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Fairmont itself but also the ABC Board, which is legally separate from the Town. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Fairmont, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories, governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies that are unexpended at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. It is useful to compare the information presented in the governmental funds with similar information presented in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the governmental's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Fairmont maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general fund, which is a major fund. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Town of Fairmont adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-14 of this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements (continued)

Proprietary funds. The Town of Fairmont maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The Town uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, which is considered a major fund of the Town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-32 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements, referred to earlier about non-major governmental funds and details of the enterprise fund can be found on pages 33-49 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The changes in the financial statement reporting model are mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB Statement 34 dictated the changes you see in the Town of Fairmont's financial reports as well as those of many other units of government. The Town was required to implement these changes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004.

The Town of Fairmont's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Totals
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
<u>Assets</u>						
Current and other						
assets	\$ 727,189	\$ 785,447	\$ 122,988	\$ 167,089	\$ 850,177	\$ 952,536
Capital assets	1,376,977	1,481,325	9,373,189	9,594,675	10,750,166	11,076,000
Total assets	2,104,166	2,266,772	9,496,177	9,761,764	11,600,343	12,028,536
<u>Liabilities</u>						,00,0.0
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	175,623	155,034	2,823,967	2,893,219	2,999,590	3,048,253
Other liabilities	108,343	109,177	197,634	200,558	305,977	309.735
Total liabilities	283,966	264,211	3,021,601	3,093,777	3,305,567	3,357,988
Net assets						0,007,500
Invested in capital						
(net of related debt)	1,221,943	1,298,895	6,479,970	6,635,298	7,701,913	7,934,193
Restricted	5,278	4,263	-	-	5,278	4,263
Unrestricted	592,979	699,403	(5,394)	32,689	587,585	732,092
Total net assets	\$ 1,820,200	\$ 2,002,561	\$ 6,474,576	\$ 6,667,987	\$ 8,294,776	\$ 8,670,548

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities by \$8,294,776 at the close of the current fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net assets (91.80%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of net assets (0.06%) represents the Town's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is \$674,684 or 8.13% of the total.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town of Fairmont's net assets by \$182,361. The key element of this decrease was higher operating costs.

Town of Fairmont's Changes in Net Assets

		vernmental Activities	s Activities			Activities		isiness-type Activities	Totals	Totals	
_		2010		2009		2010	,	2009	2010		2009
Revenues											
Program revenues	_										
Charges for services	\$	225,049	\$	227,609	\$	1,064,810	\$	1,197,140	\$ 1,289,859	\$	1,424,749
Operating grants and											
contributions		365,292		324,299		-		-	365,292		324,299
General revenues											
Property taxes		687,147		672,227		-		-	687,147		672,227
Other taxes and											
licenses		631,858		597,398		_		-	631,858		597,398
Unrestricted									-		-
revenues		13,924		48,184		-			13,924		48,184
Other revenues		52,812		154,072		79,610		308,689	132,422		462,761
Total revenues		1,976,082		2,023,789		1,144,420		1,505,829	3,120,502		3,529,618
Expenses											
General Government		467,928		410,317		_		_	467,927		410,317
Public Safety		889,582		981,059		_		_	889,582		981,059
Transportation		252,343		287,412		-		_	252.343		287,412
Environmental Prot.		243,460		238,170		_		-	243,460		238,170
Economic Dev.		305,131		140,759		-		_	305,131		140,759
Water and Sewer						1,337,831		1,342,864	1,337,831		1,342,864
Total expenses		2,158,443		2,057,717		1,337,831		1,342,864	3,496,274		3,400,581
Change in net assets		(182,361)		(33,928)		(193,411)		162,965	(375,772)	•••	129,037
Net assets —						,		,	•		*
Beginning of year		2,002,561		2,036,489		6,667,987		6,505,022	8,670,548		8,541,511
Net assets -											
End of year	\$	1,820,200	\$	2,002,561	\$	6,474,576	\$	6,667,987	\$ 8,294,776	\$	8,670,548

Charges for services are continuing to be the largest revenue contributor with 41.33% of total revenues. Ad valorem taxes was the next largest at 22.02%.

Capital and operating grants for governmental activities furnished resources to support the five functions of the Town: general government, public safety, transportation, environmental protection, and economic and physical development.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net assets by \$193,411. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- User fees were increased to \$1,337,831
- High levels of depreciation expense associated with infrastructure enhancements of \$292,539
- Interest expense associated with bonds in the amount of \$132,421

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Fairmont uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$480,748 to include General and Capital Projects. Of this total amount, \$352,899 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that funds are not available for spending because these funds have already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior year, or 2) for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the Town of Fairmont. At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$244,977 with a total fund balance of \$372,826. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 13.04% of total General Fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Fairmont's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$32,688. Other factors concerning this fund have been discussed in the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

- Amendments that adjust for the estimates that are prepared for the original budget ordinance, which reflect actual cost.
- Amendments that recognize new funding from external sources, such as federal and State grants.
- Amendments that appropriate increases that becomes necessary to maintain services and obligations from prior years not completed.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Town of Fairmont's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, totals \$10,750,165 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investments in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure (including distribution systems), and vehicles.

Town of Fairmont's Capital Assets

	Governmental (Activities		 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals		Totals	
		2010	2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Land	\$	161,046	\$ 161,046	\$	7,091	\$	7,091	\$	168,137	\$	168,137	
Buildings and certain			-									
infrastructure		641,867	671,784		1,465		1,848		643,332		673,632	
Equipment		260,197	279,860		171,682		200,850		431,879		480,710	
Vehicles		313,867	368,635		-		_		313,867		368,635	
Water & sewer system												
infrastructure			<u> </u>		9,192,950		9,384,886		9,192,950		9,384,886	
Total capital assets	\$	1,376,977	\$ 1,481,325	\$	9,373,188	\$	9,594,675	\$ 1	0,750,165	\$ 1	1,076,000	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes on page 24 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairmont had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,742,000.

Town of Fairmont's Outstanding Debt Water Serial Bonds

	Governi Activ			rnmental tivities	Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Totals
	201	0	2	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Water serial bonds	\$		\$	_	\$ 2,742,000	\$ 2,783,500	\$ 2,742,000	\$ 2,783,500
Total outstanding debt	\$	-	\$		\$ 2,742,000	\$ 2,783,500	\$ 2,742,000	\$ 2,783,500

North Carolina's general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a governmental unit can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Fairmont is presently at \$ 4,982,935 (the amount of additional debt the town could obligate itself to under NC General Statute).

Additional information pertaining to the Town of Fairmont's long-term debt can be found in the notes on page 28 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

• The unemployment rate for the Town and surrounding area is 12.2% at June 30, 2010, which is a increase from a rate of 8.6% a year ago. This comparison is higher than the state's rate of 10.0% and the national rate of 9.5%.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Fairmont's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 421 South Main Street, Fairmont NC 28340.

Section II. Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	P	rimary Governm	ent	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business Type		ABC
ASSETS.	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
ASSETS Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 391,073	e 0.250	ф 2 <u>00</u> , 202	A 70 762
Taxes receivable - Net	\$ 391,073 214,037	\$ 8,250	\$ 399,323	\$ 78,563
Accounts receivable - Net	122,079	90,900	214,037	-
Internal balances	122,079	80,802	202,881	-
Inventories	<u>-</u>	33,936	22.026	÷ 0.104
Prepaid items	_	33,930	33,936	80,194
Total current assets	727,189	122,988	850,177	2,226 160,983
Non-current assets:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		**************************************	
Capital assets;				
Land	161,046	7,091	168,137	26,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,215,931	9,366,098	10,582,029	11,306
Total capital assets	1,376,977	9,373,189	10,750,166	37,806
Total assets	2,104,166	9,496,177	11,600,343	198,789
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	32,403	12,814	45,217	34,074
Current portion of long-term debt	28,428	69,252	97,680	_
Deposits	-	85,838	85,838	-
Compensated absences	47,512	29,730	77,242	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	108,343	197,634	305,977	34,074
Long-term liabilities:				
Non-current portion of long-term debt	175,623	2,823,967	2,999,590	
Total liabilities	283,966	3,021,601	3,305,567	34,074
NET ASSETS				
Investments in capital assets,				
net of related debt	1,221,943	6,479,970	7,701,913	37,806
Restricted for:		, ,	, ,	•
Working capital	-	-	-	16,778
Transportation	5,278	-	5,278	-
Capital improvement	-	-	<u></u>	-
Unrestricted	592,979	(5,394)	587,585	110,131
Total net assets	\$ 1,820,200	\$ 6,474,576	\$ 8,294,776	\$ 164,715

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		I	Program Revenues	S	Net Rev	enue (Expense) a	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets	t Assets
			Capital	Operating	Pr	Primary Government	ent	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	ABC Board
Primary Government Governmental activities: General Government	767 927	2005		105 058	(356 042)	i Gr	(00 958)	e
Public Safety			, ,		_	·	_	· ·
Transportation	252,343	1	•	88,533	(163,810)	•	(163,810)	·
Environmental Protection	243,460	220,022	•	•	(23,438)	•	(23,438)	•
Economic and Community Dev. Total governmental activities	305,131 2,158,443	225,049	E 1	365,292	$\frac{(134,330)}{(1,568,102)}$	\$ I	(134,330) (1,568,102)	1
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Total business-type activities	1,337,831	1,064,810	65,403 65,403	1 1		(207,618) (207,618)	(207,618) (207,618)	
Total primary government	\$ 3,496,274	\$ 1,289,859	\$ 65,403	\$ 365,292	(1,568,102)	(207,618)	(1,775,720)	,
Component unit Fairmont ABC Board Total component unit	\$71,434 \$ \$71,434	560,507 \$ 560,507	· ·	· .			1	(10,927)
		General revenues: Ad Valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses Unrestricted intergovernments Investment earnings Other revenue (expense) Transfers in (out) Total general revenues a Change in net assets Net assets - Beginning of year Net assets - End of year	ral revenues: Valorem taxes er taxes and licenses estricted intergovernmental revenues sstment earnings er revenue (expense) usfers in (out) Total general revenues and transfers Change in net assets ssets - Beginning of year	evenues I transfers	687,147 631,858 13,924 917 51,895 1,385,741 (182,361) 2,002,561 \$ 1,820,200	76 14,131 14,207 (193,411) 6,667,987 \$ 6,474,576	687,147 631,858 13,924 993 66,026 1,399,948 (375,772) 8,670,548 \$ 8,294,776	588 588 - - 588 (10,339) 175,054 \$ 164,715

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

	(General	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	283,151	\$	107,922	\$	391,073
Taxes receivable - Net	•	214,037	*	-	•	214,037
Due from Water and Sewer Fund				_		-
Accounts receivable - Net		122,079		_		122,079
Total assets	\$	619,267	\$	107,922	\$	727,189
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		32,403		-		32,403
Deferred revenue		214,038		_		214,038
Total liabilities		246,441		-		246,441
Fund balances						
Reserved by State statute		122,079		_		122,079
Reserved for streets - Powell Bill		5,278		_		5,278
Reserved for police - Asset forfeiture funds		492		-		492
Unreserved:		1,72				172
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		_		_		
Undesignated		244,977		107,922		352,899
Total fund balances		372,826		107,922		480,748
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	619,267	\$	107,922	\$	727,189
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Sta	itemen	nt of Net Ass	ets are	e different be	ecause	: :
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina	ncial r	esources				
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds						1,376,977
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues in fund staten	nents					214,038
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current pe	eriod a	nd.				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:		pensated abs	sences			(47,512)
Other post employment benefits						(49,017)
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current po	eriod a	nd				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:		g-term debt				(155,034)
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	1,820,200

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Ad Valorem taxes	\$ 719,958	\$ -	\$ 719,958
Other taxes and licenses	631,858	-	631,858
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	13,924		13,924
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	199,518	170,801	370,319
Other general revenue	37,450	-	37,450
Sales and services	220,022	-	220,022
Interest earned on investments	506	411	917
Total revenues	1,823,236	171,212	1,994,448
Expenditures			
General Government	403,237	_	403,237
Public Safety	837,536	-	837,536
Transportation	245,993	<u>.</u>	245,993
Environmental Protection	240,526	_	240,526
Economic and Physical Development	150,936	154,195	305,131
Total expenditures	1,878,228	154,195	2,032,423
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(54,992)	17,017	(37,975)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfer in	-	-	-
Loan proceeds	-	-	-
Fund balance appropriated			_
Net change in fund balances	(54,992)	17,017	(37,975)
Fund balance - Beginning of year	427,819	90,905	518,724
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 372,827	\$ 107,922	\$ 480,749

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ (37,975)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Acquisitions	32,469
Net retirements	-
Depreciation	(136,817)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues	(32,811)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current	
financial resources of governmental funds.	 (7,227)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (182,361)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Va	riance
		Original	Final			vorable
		Budget	 Budget	 Actual	(Unfa	avorable)
Revenues						
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	720,500	\$ 718,932	\$ 719,958	\$	1,026
Other taxes and licenses		641,250	631,786	631,858		72
Unrestricted intergovernmental						
revenues		26,700	13,923	13,924		1
Restricted intergovernmental						
revenues		193,136	199,515	199,518		3
Other general revenue		108,850	36,747	37,450		703
Sales and services		224,100	219,988	220,022		34
Interest earned on investments		500	435	506		71
Sale of fixed assets				-		-
Total revenues		1,915,036	 1,821,326	1,823,236		1,910
Expenditures						
General Government		408,092	404,390	403,237		1,153
Public Safety		920,500	841,826	837,536		4,290
Transportation		244,647	247,519	245,993		1,526
Environmental Protection		249,300	241,125	240,526		599
Economic and Physical Dev.		152,062	151,085	150,936		149
Total expenditures		1,974,601	 1,885,945	 1,878,228		7,717
•				 -,0:0,0		.,,,_,
Revenue under expenditures		(59,565)	 (64,619)	 (54,992)		9,627
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	-	-		-
Loan proceeds		-	-	_		-
Fund balance appropriated		59,565	 64,619	 <u></u>		64,619
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		59,565	64,619	_		64,619
,	·		 	 		01,015
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -	(54,992)	\$	74,246
Fund balance - Beginning of year				 427,819		
Fund balance - End of year				\$ 372,827		

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2010

	Enterprise Fund
	Water and
<u>ASSETS</u>	Sewer Fund
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,250
Accounts receivable - Net	80,802
Inventories	33,936
Total current assets	122,988
Non-current assets	
Land	7,091
Depreciable assets - Net	9,366,098
Total non-current assets	9,373,189
Total assets	9,496,177
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,814
Current portion of long-term debt	69,252
Due to General Fund	-
Meter Deposits	85,838
Total current liabilities	167,904
Non-current liabilities	
Compensated absences	29,730
Non-current portion of long-term debt	2,823,967
Total non-current liabilities	2,853,697
Total liabilities	3,021,601
NET ASSETS	
Investments in capital assets, net of related debt	6,441,888
Net assets - Unrestricted	32,688
Total net assets	\$ 6,474,576

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Enterprise Fund
	Water and
	Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 1,064,810
Other operating revenue	14,131
Total operating revenues	1,078,941
Operating expenses	
Administration	243,581
Operations - Water treatment	89,256
Operations - Water maintenance	122,915
Operations - Sewer treatment	360,137
Operations - Sewer maintenance	59,023
Non-departmental	37,959
Depreciation	292,539
Total operating expenses	1,205,410
Operating income (loss)	(126,469)
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	
Interest expense	(132,421)
Interest earned on investments	76_
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(132,345)
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	(258,814)
Transfers	
Transfers out	-
Capital contributions and grants	65,403
Total transfers	65,403
Change in net assets	(193,411)
Total net assets - Beginning of year	6,667,987
Total net assets - End of year	\$ 6,474,576

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	E	Enterprise Fund
		Vater and
Corb flows from an audition addition	Se	ewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers	•	1.057.493
Cash paid for goods and services	\$	1,056,482
Cash paid to employees		(449,863) (456,253)
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits		(430,233) 95
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		150,461
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Increase (decrease) in due to general fund		-
Transfers to other funds		_
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		-
financing activities		· · · · ·
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of assets		(71,053)
Capital contributions and grants		65,403
Payment of bond-related interest		(132,421)
Debt principal repayment		(66,158)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		(11,111)
related financing activities		(204,229)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on investments		76
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		<u>76</u> . 76
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(53,692)
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		
		61,942
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	8,250
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activit	ies:	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(126,469)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities -		
Depreciation		292,539
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(22,459)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		12,868
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(6,113)
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits		95
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Total adjustments		- 276 020
A von anjasements		276,930
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	150,461

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A - Reporting Entity

The Town of Fairmont is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Fairmont ABC Board

The Town appoints the members of the ABC Board's governing board. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a Proprietary Fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Fairmont ABC Board, c/o Town of Fairmont, Post Office Box 248, Fairmont, North Carolina 28340.

B - Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – government and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from the exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major Governmental funds:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B - Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are Ad Valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. Primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major Governmental funds

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains six Special Revenue Funds -- the Community Development Block Grant Fund, the Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund, the Cemetery Fund, the Parks and Recreation Fund, the Golden Leaf Project Fund, and the NCHFA Fund.

Proprietary Funds include the following fund type:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Fairmont has one Enterprise Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund.

C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified account basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad Valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Robeson County

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Fairmont. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Robeson County from March 2009 through February 2010 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenue. For vehicles registered under the annual system, taxes are due on May 1 of each year. For those vehicles registered and billed under the annual system, uncollected taxes are reported as a receivable on the financial statements and are offset by deferred revenue because the due date and the date upon which interest begins to accrue passed prior to June 30. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenue and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenue that is unearned at year-end is recorded as deferred revenue.

Proprietary Funds are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period they are incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989, in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D - Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund up to \$2,500; however, the governing board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or exceed \$2,500. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes that prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

April 30 -	Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue
	estimates for their department for the budget year.

June 1 - The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.

June 30 - The governing board shall adopt the budget ordinance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town of Fairmont and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earnings and investment contracts are reported at cost.

In accordance with State law, the Town of Fairmont has invested in securities that are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2004. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenue is reported net of such discounts.

Inventory

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The inventories of the Town's Enterprise Funds and those of the Town of Fairmont ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain threshold and an estimated life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

Buildings	2%
Improvements	10%
Equipment and vehicles	17%

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Useful Life
Buildings	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days of earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned – when material. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time.

Both the Town and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity (continued)

Net Assets / Fund Balances

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G.S. 159-13(b)(16)] restricts appropriation of fund balance or fund equity for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenue arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Reserved:

Reserved by State statute - Portion of fund balance, in addition to reserves for encumbrances and reserves for inventories, which is <u>not</u> available for appropriation under State law [G.S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables that have not been offset by deferred revenue.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - Portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Unreserved:

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - Portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that has been designated for the adopted 2009-2010 budget ordinance.

Undesignated - Portion of total fund balance available for appropriation that is uncommitted at year-end.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A - Significant violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

No instances noted.

B - Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the expenditures made in the Town's Water and Sewer Fund exceeded the authorized appropriations made by the governing board specifically in connection with Sewer Maintenance. The Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A - Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and ABC Board have no policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

Deposits

At June 30, 2010, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$173,473, and a bank balance of \$201,612. Federal Deposit Insurance covered the bank balance of the Town. (Petty cash amounted to \$850.)

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$30,265, and the bank balance was \$38,689. Federal Deposit Insurance covered all of the bank balance.

Investments

At June 30, 2010, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

	Fa	air Value	Maturity	Rating
North Carolina Capital Management Trust				Y ,
Cash Portfolio	.\$	225,000	N/A	AAAm

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2010.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Town has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Town places no limit on the amount that the Town may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2010, the Town had \$225,000 invested with the NC Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A - Assets (continued)

Governmental activities - Capital assets		Beginning Balances	Iı	ncreases	Decr	eases]	Ending Balances
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	161,046	\$	_	\$	-	\$	161,046
Buildings and infrastructure		2,153,601		_	•	_	-	2,153,601
Equipment		602,686		32,469		_		635,155
Vehicles/motorized equipment		722,276		<u> </u>				722,276
Total capital assets	_\$	3,639,609	_\$	32,469	\$	<u> </u>	_\$_	3,672,078
Less -								
Accumulated Depreciation								
Buildings and infrastructure	\$	1,481,817	\$	29,917	· \$	_	\$	1,511,734
Equipment	-	322,826	Ψ	52,132	Ψ	_	Ψ	374,958
Vehicles/motorized equipment		353,641		54,768				408,409
Total accumulated depreciation.		2,158,284	\$	136,817	\$	_	\$	2,295,101
Governmental activities -								_,
Capital assets – Net	\$	1,481,325					\$	1,376,977

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 15,673
Public Safety	93,244
Transportation	24,966
Environmental Protection	 2,934

Total depreciation expense \$ 136,817

Business-type activities -

Water and Sewer Fund - Capital assets	Beginning Balances	Increases Decreases		Ending Balances
Land (non-depreciable)	\$ 7,091	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 7,091
Public Works building	12,755	· =	· •	12,755
Water and sewer system	12,982,371	71.053	-	13,053,424
Equipment	598,479	<u> </u>		598,479
Total capital assets	13,600,696	71,053	_	13,671,749
Less -				
Accumulated depreciation				
Public Works building	10,907	383	_	11,290
Water and sewer system	3,597,486	262,988	-	3,860,474
Equipment	397,629	29,168		426,797
Total accumulated depreciation.	4,006,022	\$ 292,539	_\$	4,298,561
Business-type activities - Capital assets – Net	\$ 9,594,674			\$ 9,373,188

The following is a summary of Proprietary Fund type fixed assets for the ABC Board at June 30, 2010:

Land	\$ 26,500
Buildings and equipment	175,860
	 202,360
Less – Accumulated depreciation	 (164,410)
Total ABC fixed assets	\$ 37,950

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities

Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Fairmont contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rates for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers are 4.99% and 4.78%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Fairmont are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$44,082, \$46,887, and \$45,373, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

The ABC Board provides a pension plan for all eligible employees by funding a SEP retirement plan with Prudential-Bache. The cost is 11.52% of the employee's annual salary. Contributions to the pension plan for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$6,044, \$3,624, and \$6,218, respectively.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town of Fairmont administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increase in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Separation Allowance covers all full-time law enforcement officers of the Town. At December 31, 2010, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	12
Total	12

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Instruments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

Since no formal plan exists at this time, actuarial information is unavailable.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy: Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010, were \$34,843, which consisted of \$16,354 from the Town and \$18,489 from the law enforcement officers.

Deferred Revenue

The balance in deferred revenue at year-end is composed of the following element:

Taxes receivable – Net \$ 214,037

Other Postemployment Benefit

According to a City resolution, the City provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least five years of creditable service with the City. In addition, the City pays the full cost of these benefits with a minimum of twenty years of creditable service with the City. Retirees who do not meet the aforementioned criteria have the option to purchase coverage themselves and their dependants through the City for eighteen months. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the retirees. The city maintains health care coverage though private insurers. Currently, 4 retirees participate in the post retirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the City made payments for post-retirement health benefit premiums of \$29,756.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	3	1
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not		
yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	16	10
Total	19	11

Low

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

B-Liabilities (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (continued)

Funding policy: The Town pays 100% of the cost of the coverage for the health care benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town resolution that can be amended by the Town Council. The Town's retirees pay the current active employee rate for dependant coverage, if the retiree elects to purchase the coverage. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The current ARC rate is 8.56% of annual covered payroll. For the current year the Town contributed \$29,750 or 3.23% of annual covered payroll. The Town purchases insurance from a private carrier for health care coverage. There were no contributions made by the employees except for dependant coverage. The Town's obligation to contribute to the Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table show the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OBEP obligation for the health care benefits:

	Governmental Activities			
Annual required contribution	\$	78,773		
Interest on net OPEB obligation		-		
Adjustments to annual required				
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	78,773		
Contributions made		(29,756)		
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB		49,017		
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		-		
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	49,017		

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 were as follows:

Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contrib.	Obligation
2010	\$78,773	37.77%	\$49,017

Fund Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$1,471,467. The covered payroll (annual payroll) of active employees covered by the plan was \$920,032 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 159.93%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

B - Liabilities (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 10.50 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010, was 30 years.

As of December 31, 2009, management has not decided on the finding options for this outstanding obligation; therefore, OPEB will continue to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis going into the next fiscal year. Management will continue their efforts to find a way to fund the annual required contribution while maintaining the level of service prioritized by the Town Council.

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto coverage of \$2 million per occurrence, property coverage up to \$20 million per building per occurrence, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits, and employee health coverage up to a \$1 million lifetime limit. The pools are reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence claims against general liability and auto liability in excess of \$500,000, up to \$500,000 for property, and \$250,000 up to \$5 million for worker's compensation. The pools are reinsured for annual employee health claims in excess of \$150,000. The property liability pool has an aggregate limit of \$1,000,000 for the aggregate losses in a single year. After the property pool has paid out \$1,000,000, then the pool will be liable for a \$10,000 per claim maintenance deductible on future property losses for that year. The remainder of each claim will be borne by the reinsurer.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the finance officer and tax collector are individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to cash are covered under a blanket insurance policy. The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance for the simple fact none of its buildings are located in a designated flood area.

The Fairmont ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Long-Term Obligations

On September 12, 2008, the town arranged with BB&T governmental finance to fund a drainage project. The town borrowed \$120,000 to be repaid in monthly installments of \$1,843 including interest at 3.37% from Powell Bill funds. See below for further description:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Years ending June 30:	Total	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2011	22,118	19,306	2,812
2012	22,118	19,967	2,151
2013	22,118	20,650	1,468
2014	22,118	21,357	761
2015	12,587	12,480	<u>107</u>
Total	\$ 101,059	\$ 93,760	\$ 7,299

On October 30, 2006 the town entered in to a Financing Agreement with a bank to purchase a flusher truck for \$233,987 plus interest. The payments began on December 30, 2006, and will be made monthly thereafter for the next nine years, ending October 30, 2015. Future payments will be made from the water/sewer fund. See next page for flusher loan repayment schedule.

On September 2, 2006 the town entered into a loan of \$86,350 from the USDA for a used fire truck. Payments are made annually in the amount of \$11,814, including interest at the rate of 4.5% for the next nine years, beginning November 2008 and are described in detail below:

Years ending June 30:	 <u>Total</u>	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2011	11,880	9,122	2,758
2012	11,880	9,533	2,347
2013	11,880	9,962	1,918
2014	11,880	10,410	1,470
2015	11,880	10,878	1,002
2016	<u>11,880</u>	11,369	<u>511</u>
Total	\$ <u>71,280</u>	\$ <u>61,274</u>	\$ <u>10,006</u>

Summary of activity	Beginning Balances		Increase (Decrease)		Ending Balances		Current Portion	
BB&T bank loan USDA loan	\$	112,427 70,003	\$	(18,667) (8,729)	\$	93,760 61,274	\$	19,306 9,122
	\$	182,430	\$	(27,396)		155,034	\$	28,428
Other post employment benefits	\$	_	\$	49,017	\$	49,017	\$	

General Obligation Indebtedness

General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. The general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Bonds payable at June 30, 2010, are comprised of the following issues:

General Obligation Bonds - Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

\$1,250,000 - 2002A Water Serial Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$14,000 to \$56,000, beginning in 2004 through 2041; interest at 4.5%

\$ 1,143,000

\$1,750,000 - 2002B Water Serial Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$19,000 to \$76,000, beginning in 2004 through 2041; interest at 4.5%

1.599,000

Total

2,742,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, including interest of \$2,355,884 on the Water and Sewer bonds, are as follows:

		Total]	Principal	Interest
2011	-\$	166,890	\$	43,500	\$ 123,390
2012		167,433		46,000	121,433
2013		167,363		48,000	119,363
2014		167,703		50,500	117,203
2015		166,930		52,000	114,930
2016-2020		837,075		300,000	537,075
2021-2025		835,477		370,000	465,477
2026-2030		836,602		463,000	373,602
2031-2035		834,761		579,000	255,761
2036-2040		779,710		658,000	121,710
2041		137,940		132,000	 5,940
Total	\$	5,097,884	\$	2,742,000	\$ 2,355,884

Bank loan associated with flusher is described in detail, below:

	Total	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2011	\$ 31,821	\$	25,752	\$	6,069
2012	31,821		26,895		4,926
2013	31,820		28,088		3,732
2014	31,821		29,335		2,486
2015	31,820		30,637		1,183
2016	 10,607		10,512		95
Total	\$ 169,710	\$	151,219	\$	18,491

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

At June 30, 2010, the Town of Fairmont had a legal debt margin (computed as 8% of assessed property valuations after senior exemptions less any outstanding structured debt) of \$4,982,935.

Changes in Water and Sewer Fund Long-Term Liabilities

	eginning Balances	ncrease Decrease)	Ending Balances		Current Portion
Bank loan General obligation bonds	\$ 175,877 2,783,500	\$ (24,658) (41,500)	\$ 151,219 2,742,000	\$	25,752 43,500
	\$ 2,959,377	\$ (66,158)	\$ 2,893,219	.\$	69,252

NOTE 4 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The mayor of the Town of Fairmont appoints the three-member board of the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority. The Town is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the Town is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The Town of Fairmont is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority.

NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Section III.

Individual Fund Financial Statements Section:

General Fund

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		Duaget	1100001	(спичотивне)
Ad Valorem taxes				
Current year			\$ 624,961	•
Prior years			78,076	
Tax penalties			16,921	
Total Ad Valorem taxes	720,500	718,932	719,958	1,026
Other taxes and licenses				
Utility franchise tax			137,633	
Intangible tax			-	
Local sales tax			466,873	
Privilege license			26,337	
Zoning permits			1,015	
Total other taxes and licenses	641,250	631,786	631,858	72
Unrestricted intergovernmental				
Inventory tax reimbursement			-	
Senior citizens reimbursement			-	
Beer and wine tax			3,924	
Gasoline tax refunds			-	
Payments in lieu of taxes			<u></u>	
ABC profit distribution			10,000	
Total unrestricted				
intergovernmental	26,700	13,923	13,924	1
Restricted intergovernmental				
Powell Bill allocation			88,533	
Court fees			5,027	
Grants			105,958	
Total restricted				
intergovernmental	193,136	199,515	199,518	3
Other general revenue				
Telephone commissions			9,966	
Miscellaneous income			10,274	
Administrative time reimbursement			_	
Sale of material and assets			-	
Sale of fixed assets			3,850	
Net equipment and building rental			13,360	
Total other general revenue	\$ 108,850	\$ 36,747	\$ 37,450	\$ 703

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued)

		riginal Sudget	Final Budget	Actual	Fav	riance vorable avorable)
Revenues (continued)		8	 	 	(
Miscellaneous revenue						
Sales and service - Sanitation fees	\$		\$	\$ 220,022	\$	
Investment earnings				506		
Total miscellaneous revenue		224,600	220,423	220,528		105
Total revenues	<u>. 1</u>	,915,036	 1,821,326	 1,823,236		1,910
Expenditures						
General Government-						
Governing body						
Salaries and employee benefits				12,088		
Travel				535		
Departmental supplies				326		
Postage				537		
Dues and subscriptions			 	297		
Total governing body		14,250	13,796	 13,783		13
Administration						
Salaries and employee benefits				117,903		
Travel				5,704		
Postage				1,218		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment				97		
Departmental supplies				3,425		
Dues and subscriptions				742		
Capital outlay				 		
Total administration		127,927	 129,156	 129,089		67
Finance						
Salaries and employee benefits				69,983		
Postage				786		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment				5,048		
Advertising				2,007		
Departmental supplies				1,934		
Dues and subscriptions			 	25	4-1	
Total finance	\$	84,200	\$ 79,991	\$ 79,783	\$	208

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)				
General Government (continued)				
Tax listing				•
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ 40,313	\$
Postage			982	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			54	
Advertising			1,780	
Departmental supplies		<u>, ,</u>	486	
Total tax listing	43,675	43,624	43,615	9
Legal				
Professional services	13,000	13,500	12,707	793
Planning				
Salaries and employee benefits			3,328	
Maintenance and repairs - Buildings			6,582	
Total planning	9,790	9,915	9,910	5
Public building				
Salaries and employee benefits			42,583	
Telephone			10,048	
Utilities			29,875	
Maintenance and repairs - Buildings			25,972	
Uniforms			563	
Departmental supplies			5,309	
Total public building	115,250	114,408	114,350	58
Total General Government	\$ 408,092	\$ 404,390	\$ 403,237	\$ 1,153

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual (continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)				
Public Safety				
Police department				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ 642,815	\$
Travel			1,603	
Postage			7,250	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			7,768	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles			18,443	
Equipment rental			5,821	
Auto supplies			24,114	
Departmental supplies			6,132	
Uniforms			6,089	
Medical exams			956	
Contract services			-	
Dues and subscriptions			645	
Grant-related expenditures		•	_	
Miscellaneous			16,890	
Capital outlay			32,469	
Total police department	850,500	774,616	770,995	3,621
				
Fire department			20.726	
Salaries and employee benefits			30,736	
Travel			1,359	
Postage			688	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			10,517	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles			3,030	
Auto supplies			3,157	
Departmental supplies			3,046	
Dues			896	
Miscellaneous			1,298	
Debt service - fire truck payment				
Principal repayment			8,729	
Interest			3,085	
Total fire department	70,000	67,210	66,541	669
Total Public Safety	920,500	841,826	837,536	4,290
Transportation				
Powell Bill				
Salaries and employee benefits			56,966	
Departmental supplies			10,340	
Debt service			-	
Principal repayment			18,616	
Interest			3,508	
Repairs and maintenance			34,727	
Total Powell Bill	\$ 125,997	\$ 125,004	\$ 124,157	\$ 847
		• -		

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (continued)

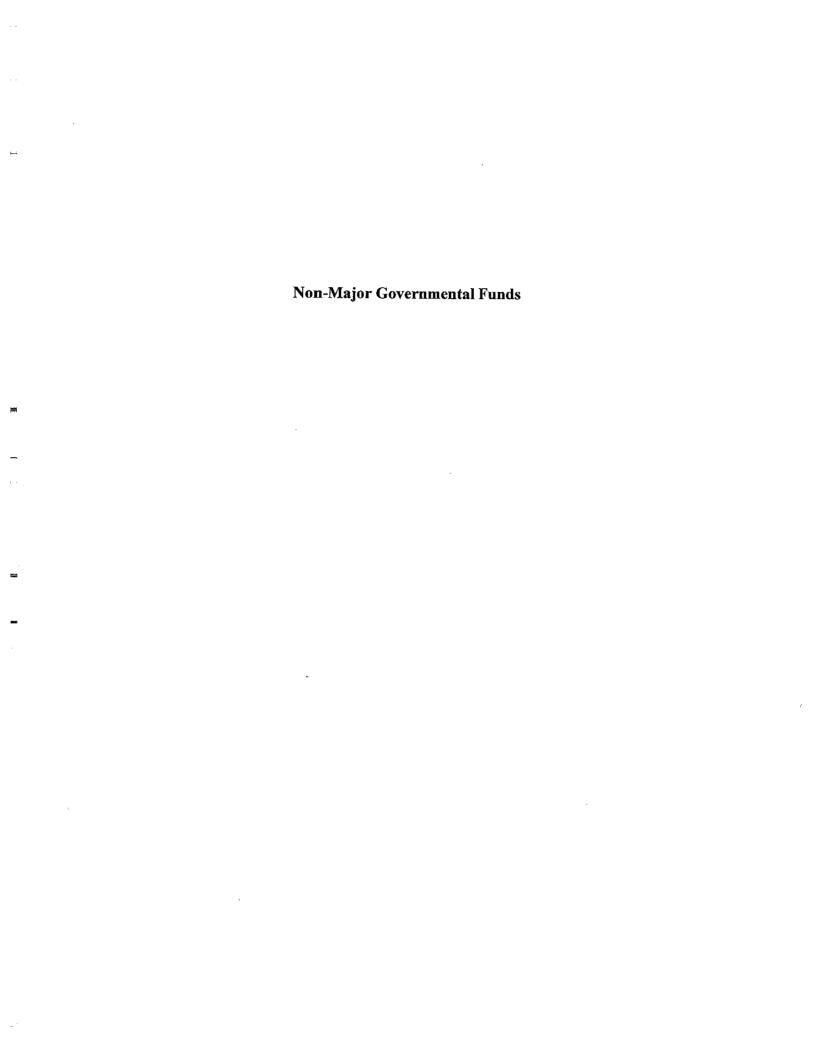
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)			·	
Transportation (continued)				
Garage				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ -	\$
Uniforms			_	
Total streets		-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Streets				
Salaries and employee benefits			-	
Utilities			71,678	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			10,653	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles			2,639	
Auto supplies			16,833	
Departmental supplies			13,489	
Uniforms			683	
Miscellaneous			5,861	
Capital outlay				
Total streets	118,650	122,515	121,836	679
Total Transportation	244,647	247,519	245,993	1,526
Environmental Protection				
Sanitation				
Salaries and employee benefits			-	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			625	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles			5,479	
Auto supplies			8,109	
Departmental supplies			1,486	
Contracted services			224,827	
Capital outlay		<u> </u>		
Total Environmental Protection	249,300	241,125	240,526	599
Economic and Community Development				
Community service				
Salaries and employee benefits			19,633	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			2,271	
Departmental supplies			1,124	
Dues and subscriptions			4,400	
Insurance			90,353	
Grant-related expenditures			16,549	
Miscellaneous			16,606	
Capital outlay				
Total Economic and Community				
Development	152,062	151,085	150,936	149

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual (continued)

•	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,974,601	\$ 1,885,945	\$ 1,878,228	\$ 7,717	
Total revenues	\$ 1,915,036	\$ 1,821,326	\$ 1,823,236	\$ 1,910	
Total expenditures	1,974,601	1,885,945	1,878,228	7,717	
Revenue over (under) expenditures	(59,565)	(64,619)	(54,992)	9,627	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Loan proceeds Fund balance appropriated	- - 59,565	- - 64,619	- - -	- - (64,619)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	59,565	64,619		(64,619)	
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	(54,992)	\$. (54,992)	
Fund balance					
Beginning of year			427,819		
End of year			\$ 372,827		



Town of Fairmont, North Carolina
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheets
June 30, 2010
(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2009)

	I Bl	Rural Business			Par	Parks and	Golden Leaf	en f	Community		Totals	als	
	En	Enterprise Grant Fund	Ce	Cemetery Fund	Reci	Recreation Fund	Project Fund	ect d	Development Fund		2010		2009
Assets													
Cash and investments Grant receivable	€9	84,942	€ 9	18,416	es	4,564	€9	' '	· '	co	107,922	€9	90,905
Total assets	↔	84,942	↔	18,416	S	4,564	€		€ 9	69	107,922	es	90,905
Liabilities and Fund Balances													
Liabilities	8	•	89	1	€	•	S	1	٠ ج	8		S	1
Fund balances		84,942		18.416		4,564		•	1	€9	107,922	6/3	90,905
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	84,942	↔	18,416	↔	4,564	↔	'	· •	€9	107,922	8	90,905

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	<u> </u>	Rural Business			Park	Parks and	Golden Leaf	s .	Com	Community		To	Totals	
	E	Enterprise	ဦ ်	Cemetery	Recr.	Recreation	Project	# _	Deve	Development Fund		0100		2000
	5	Grant Fund		runa	=	Fund	Fund					0107		2002
Revenues		1	4		•	•	•		(,	•	;	•	
Interest income	⇔	109	6/)	280	€->	4	5 A	ı	-	18	S	411	A	1,815
State Grant		•		•		•		ı		75,000		75,000		ı
CDBG Grant		•				•		1		39,255		39,255		ı
Golden Leaf Grant		•		•		i		•		•		•		100,798
Local match		ı		•		•				4,755		4,755		1
Contributions		•		•		27,775		ı		•		27,775		12,425
Loan repayments		24,016		•		•		ı		•		24,016		34,959
Total revenues		24,125		280		27,779				119,028		171,212		149,997
Expenditures														
Administration		•		•		1				24,776		24,776		•
Rehabilitation		•		•		1		,		87,952		87,952		ı
Relocation		1		٠		1				4,719		4,719		ı
Other		,		•		,				175		175		ı
Clearance		•		ı		•		ı		1,406		1,406		1
Community service		8,252		•		26,915		1		-		35,167	ļ	347,706
Total expenditures		8,252				26,915		•		119,028	,	154,195		347,706
Revenue over (under) expenditures		15,873		280		864		ı		•		17,017		(197,709)
Operating transfer (out)		•		1		•				•		•		1
Fund balances Beginning of year		690'69		18,136		3,700		١		•		90,905		288,614
End of year	↔	84,942	€9	18,416	S	4,564	↔	۱	€5	•	↔	107,922	↔	90,905

Special Revenue Funds:

Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund

Cemetery Fund

Parks and Recreation Fund

Golden Leaf Project Fund

Community Development Fund

Special Revenue Fund - Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

				2010			 2009
						ariance	
						vorable	
	B	udget	A	ctual	(Uni	favorable)	 Actual
Revenue							
Interest	\$	-	\$	109	\$	-	\$ 584
USDA Loan		-		-		-	-
Loan repayments		-		24,016			 34,959
Total revenue		8,252		24,125		15,873	 35,543
Expenditures							
Other				8,252			4,634
Loans to businesses				- .			
Total expenditures		8,252		8,252			 4,634
Revenue over (under)							
expenditures		-		15,873		15,873	30,909
Other financing sources (uses)							
Fund balance appropriated						<u>-</u>	 -
Revenue and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses	\$	-		15,873	\$	15,873	30,909
Fund balance							
Beginning of year				69,069			 38,160
End of year			\$	84,942			\$ 69,069

Special Revenue Fund - Cemetery Fund

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

			2	2010				2009	
	Budget		A	ctual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		A	rctual	
Revenue									
Interest income	\$		\$	280	\$		\$	350	
Contributions								-	
Total revenue				280		280		350	
Expenditures									
Administration				_					
Total expenditures	:			-				-	
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures		-		· 280		280		350	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Fund balance appropriated	·i			-		<u> </u>			
Revenue and other financing sources over (under)									
expenditures and other financing uses	\$			280	\$	280		350	
Fund balance									
Beginning of year				18,136				17,786	
End of year			\$	18,416			\$	18,136	

Special Revenue Fund - Parks and Recreation Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		2010		2009	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	
Revenue					
Interest income	\$	\$ 4	\$	\$ 881	
Golden Leaf Grant		_		100,798	
Local funds				-	
Contributions		27,775		12,425	
Total revenue	114,104	27,779	(86,325)	114,104	
Expenditures					
Community service		26,915		13,099	
Community service - Golden Leaf Funds		-		327,600	
Total expenditures	343,899	26,915	316,984	340,699	
Revenue over (under)					
expenditures	(229,795)	864	230,659	(226,595)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers in (out)	-	-	<u></u>	-	
Fund balance appropriated	229,795		(229,795)		
Revenue and other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and					
other financing uses	\$ -	864	\$ 864	(226,595)	
Fund balance					
Beginning of year		3,700		230,295	
End of year		\$ 4,564		\$ 3,700	

Special Revenue Fund - Golden Leaf Project Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

		2009		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual
Revenue				
Interest income	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ -
State grant		-		-
Contributions				·
Total revenue	-		-	
Expenditures				
Administration		-		-
Community service		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2,373
Total expenditures	- .			2,373
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	-	-	-	(2,373)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Fund balance appropriated			_	
Revenue and other financing sources over (under)	4			
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ -	-	\$ -	(2,373)
Fund balance				
Beginning of year		_		2,373
End of year		\$ -		\$ -

Special Revenue Fund - Community Development

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

					Actual		Variance		
	Project	Prio	ŕ	C	urrent	T	otal to	Fa	vorable
	Authorization	Year	s		Year	Date		(Uni	favorable)
Revenue									
NCHFA Urgent Repair Grant									
Interest income	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18	\$	18	\$	18
State Grant	75,000		-		75,000	•	75,000		-
Local Match	4,500		-		4,755		4,755		255
CDBG-R 09-R-1961	500,000				39,255		39,255		(460,745)
Total revenue	579,500				119,028		119,028		(460,472)
Expenditures									
NCHFA Urgent Repair Grant									
Administration	28,452		-		10,689		10,689		17,763
Rehabilitation	51,048		-		68,909		68,909		(17,861)
Other	-		-		175		175		(175)
CDBG-R 09-R-1961									
Rehabilitation	357,000		-		19,043		19,043		337,957
Clearance	10,000		-		1,406		1,406		8,594
Relocation	108,000		-		4,719		4,719		103,281
Administration	25,000		-		14,087		14,087		10,913
Total expenditures	579,500				119,028		119,028		460,472
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures	-			·	<u></u>				
Other financing sources					-				<u></u>
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	_		-	\$. "	\$	<u>.</u>
		-							
Fund balance, beginning					-				
Fund balance, ending				\$	=				

Enterprise Fund:

Water and Sewer Fund

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget	1	Final Budget	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenue	 					
Operating revenue						
Water sales	\$	\$		\$ 387,075	\$	
Sewer sales				644,877		
Water and sewer connections				1,000		
Late fees				23,065		i
Reconnection fees				8,793		
Sales tax				-		
Grants				-		
Other operating revenue	 			 14,131		
Total operating revenue	1,128,250		1,112,585	 1,078,941		(33,644)
Non-operating revenue						
Interest income				 . 76		
Total non-operating revenue	70		76	76		
Total revenue	 1,128,320		1,112,661	 1,079,017		(33,644)
Expenditures						
Water and sewer administration						
Salaries and employee benefits				180,639		
Travel				1,889		
Postage				9,258		
Utilities				14,323		
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment				4,211		
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles				2,286		
Equipment rental				5,988		
Advertising				-		
Auto supplies				8,984		
Departmental supplies				14,015		
Uniforms				1,888		
Medical exams				100		
Debt service						
Contracted services				 _		
Total water and sewer						
administration	\$ 247,100	\$	244,752	\$ 243,581	\$	1,171

Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)				
Water treatment				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ 36,208	\$
Travel			2,417	
Telephone			3,826	
Utilities			14,923	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			22,819	
Departmental supplies			7,757	
Uniforms			756	
Dues			550	·
Total water treatment	94,500	91,785	89,256	2,529
Water maintenance		-		
Salaries and employee benefits			70,397	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			3,022	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles			3,557	
Auto supplies			12,562	
Departmental supplies			32,333	
Uniforms			1,044	
Total water maintenance	107,500	110,610	122,915	(12,305)
Sewage treatment				
Salaries and employee benefits		,	142,341	
Travel			1,084	
Telephone			8,431	
Utilities			90,541	
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment			86,098	
Departmental supplies			13,260	
Uniforms			1,326	
Miscellaneous			13,906	
Contingency			3,150	
Total sewage treatment	330,070	360,720	360,137	583_
Non-departmental				
Insurance and bonds			32,124	
Vacation			-	
Bad debt expense			841	
Building maintenance			2,178	
I & I study			_	
Professional services			2,816	
Total non-departmental	\$ 76,421	\$ 41,309	\$ 37,959	\$ 3,350

Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

ror the l		ear Ended iginal	ı June	Final			riance vorable
		igiuai idget		Budget		Actual	avorable)
Expenditures (continued)				B	-		
Sewer maintenance							
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$		\$	26,668	\$
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment						4,675	
Maintenance and repairs - Vehicles						7,446	
Auto supplies						11,832	
Departmental supplies						7,970	
Uniforms						432	
Total sewer maintenance		68,500		59,256		59,023	233
Total operating expenditures		924,091		908,432		912,871	(4,439)
Net capital outlay							
Capital outlay						5,650	
Net capital outlay		5,650		5,650		5,650	-
•		1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Debt Service							
Principal repayment						66,158	
Interest						132,421	
Total debt service		198,579		198,579		198,579	
Total expenditures	1,	128,320		1,112,661		1,117,100	(4,439)
Revenue over (under) expenditures		-		-		(38,083)	(38,083)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out		_		-		-	
Capital lease obligations issued		-		-		-	
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-
Appropriated retained earnings				-		-	 -
Revenue and other financing sources							
over (under) expenditures and							
other financing uses	\$	_	_\$	_	\$	(38,083)	\$ (38,083)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modifie	d accru	al) to full	accrua	al:			
Revenue over (under) expenditures					_\$_	(38,083)	
Reconciling items:							
Capital outlay						5,650	
Debt principal repayment						66,158	
Capital contribution						65,403	
Depreciation						(292,539)	
Total reconciling items						(155,328)	
Net income (loss)					\$	(193,411)	

Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (non-GAPP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Actual								Variance	
	Project Authorization		Pric	or	Current		Total to		Favorable	
			Years		Year		Date		(Unfavorable)	
Revenue									•	
07-E-1647										
Interest income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Community Development Block Grant		400,000	333	,392		65,403	39	8,795		(1,205)
Local Match		_		-		-		_		-
Owner contribution		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenue		400,000	333	,392		65,403	39	8,795		(1,205)
Expenditures										
07-E-1647										
Community service - revitalization										
and development - sewer		400,000	333	,392		65,403	39	8,795		1,205
Total expenditures		400,000		,392		65,403		8,795		1,205
Revenue over (under)										
expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>	\$				\$		\$	_

Section IV.

Statistical Section

Schedule of Cash and Investments June 30, 2010

	Ī	Cost and Market Values
Cash		
Petty cash	\$	850
Demand deposit - First Bank		1,076
Demand deposits - Branch Banking & Trust		105,058
Savings account - Branch Banking & Trust		50,000
Savings account - Branch Banking & Trust		-
Certificate of deposit - RBC Centura	<u> </u>	17,339
Total cash		174,323
Investments		
North Carolina Capital Management Trust		225,000
Total investments		225,000
Total cash and investments	\$	399,323
Distribution by fund:		
General Fund	\$	283,151
Special Revenue Funds -		
Community Development Block Grant		-
Cemetery Fund		18,416
Parks and Recreation Fund		-
Golden Leaf Project Fund		-
Capital Projects		4,564
USDA - RBEG Program		84,942
NCHFA		
Enterprise Fund		8,250
Total	\$	399,323

Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Town-Wide Levy						Levy	
Property Valuation Rate			Total Levy	E	roperty xcluding egistered Motor Vehicles]	gistered Motor 'ehicles	
Original levy								
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 100,389,855	0.69	\$	692,690	\$	606,170	\$	86,520
Releases						-		-
Net levy				692,690		606,170		86,520
Less-Uncollected taxes	at June 30, 2010			77,771		60,880		16,891
Current year's tax	xes collected		\$	614,919	\$	545,290	\$	69,629
Current levy colle	ction percentage			88.77%		89.96%		80.48%

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2010

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2009		A	dditions	ollections and Credits	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2010	
2009-2010 2008-2009	\$	93,077	\$	692,690	\$ 614,919 49,076	\$	77,771 44,001
2007-2008		59,034		_	25,781		33,253
2006-2007		30,830		- -	8,325		22,505
2005-2006		22,927		-	4,984		17,943
2004-2005		9,877		_	3,068		6,809
2003-2004		5,542		_	1,683		3,859
2002-2003		3,543		_	475		3,068
2001-2002		2,754		-	368		2,386
2000-2001		2,595		_	153		2,442
Prior years		2,275			2,275		<u>-</u>
Less - Allowance for uncollecti	\$ ble acco	232,454 ounts - Genera	\$ il Fund	692,690	\$ 711,107		214,037
Ad valorem taxes receiv	able - N	et					214,037
Reconcilement with revenue:							
Taxes - Ad Valorem - Genera Penalties Discoveries Amount written off -	l Fund					\$	719,958 (16,921) 1,196
For tax year 1999-2000 per Discounts allowed	statutė	of limitations					2,275 4,599
Total collections and cre	edits					\$	711,107

Section V. Compliance Section

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS

American Institute of CPAs N.C. Association of CPAs

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discreetly presented component unit and each major fund of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprises the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the Town of Fairmont ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Fairmont's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our

audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the entity, members of the Town Commission, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specific parties.

S. Preston Douglas ; Cessonates, CA

Lumberton, North Carolina August 12, 2010