Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Charles Kemp, Mayor

Board of Town Commissioners

Terry Evans

Clarence McNeill, Jr.

Melvin Ellison

Jeffrey J. McCree

Jan Tedder-Rogers

Heather Seibles

Jerome Chestnut, Town Manager

Jenny Larson, Finance Officer and Town Clerk

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S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS American Institute of CPAs N. C. Association of CPAs

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. The financial statements of Town of Fairmont's ABC Board was not audited in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.

Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Governmental Auditing Standards will always detect material statement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Governmental Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 10, respectively, the Local Government Employee's Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions, on pages 46 and 47 respectively, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on pages 48 and 49, and the Schedule of Changes in the Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements and budgetary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary schedules, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

S. Presta Douglas of Ussouth, LLP

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2022 on our consideration of the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lumberton, North Carolina November 11, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Fairmont, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Fairmont for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Fairmont exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$7,091,244.

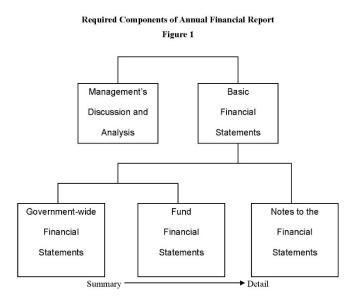
The government's total net position decreased in the amount of \$75,542, primarily due an decrease in operating & capital grant revenues in the business-type activities.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,250,436. Approximately 61.24% of this total amount, or \$765,756, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$765,756 or 32.03% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also contains other supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Fairmont.



Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status. The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements.

Financial Statements (continued). There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, additional information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the N.C. General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to the private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general government, public safety, highways/streets, sanitation, economic development, culture and recreation, and debt service. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. This includes the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Fairmont. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members, and because the Board is required to distribute a portion of its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Fairmont, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories, governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies that are unexpended at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Fairmont adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document.

Governmental funds (continued). The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Fairmont has one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-45 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 46.

Interdependence with Other Entities. The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, The Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and State laws and federal and State appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The Town of Fairmont's Net Position

	Governmental Activities					Busines Activ	•	•	Total			
		2022	10103	2021		2022	2021		2022			2021
Current and other assets	\$	1,844,752	\$	1,535,927	\$	465,570	\$	480,426	\$	2,310,322	\$	2,016,353
Non-current assets		1,256,338		1,061,596		9,054,827		9,363,966		10,311,165		10,425,562
Total assets		3,101,090		2,597,523		9,520,397		9,844,392		12,621,487		12,441,915
Deferred Outflows of												
Resources		647,047		498,564		217,909		184,229		864,956		682,793
Current liabilities		50,755		88,254		239,459		193,020		290,214		281,274
Non-current liabilities		2,180,039		2,200,532		3,045,583		3,251,349		5,225,622		5,451,881
Total liabilities		2,230,794		2,288,786		3,285,042		3,444,369		5,515,836		5,733,155
Deferred Inflows of												
Resources		736,924		161,924		142,439		62,843		879,363		224,767
Net position:												
Net investment in		1 120 020		054.551		6 650 005				7.707.115		7.751.717
capital assets		1,129,028		854,751		6,658,087		6,896,966		7,787,115		7,751,717
Restricted		827,909 (1,176,518)		446,996 (656,370)		(347,262)		(375,557)		827,909 (1,523,780)		446,996
Unrestricted	Φ	780,419	\$		\$	6,310,825	\$		\$	7,091,244	\$	(1,031,927) 7,166,786
Total net position	\$	/60,419	D	645,377	Þ	0,510,825	Þ	6,521,409	Э	7,091,244	Ф	/,100,/80

Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued). As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,091,244 at the close of the current fiscal year. By far the largest portion of the Town's net position, 109.82%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted portion of net position, \$827,909, represents the Town's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance, (\$1,524,237), is unrestricted.

The Town of Fairmont's Changes in Net Position

	Governm		Business-ty	-		
	Activ: 2022	2021	Activities 2022	2021	Tot 2022	al 2021
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 235,157	\$ 233,292	\$ 1,260,048 \$	1,386,450	\$ 1,495,205	\$ 1,619,742
Operating grants and						
contributions	253,639	226,270	-	-	253,639	226,270
Capital grants and						
contributions	234,380	-	61,700	130,500	296,080	130,500
General revenues:						
Property taxes	814,759	925,432	-	-	814,759	925,432
Other taxes	225	195	-	-	225	195
Unrestricted revenues	1,007,342	999,513	-	-	1,007,342	999,513
Other	57,344	47,466	52,372	-	109,716	47,466
Total revenues	2,602,846	2,432,168	1,374,120	1,516,950	3,976,966	3,949,118
Expenses:						
General government	484,012	374,281	-	_	484,012	374,281
Public safety	1,095,719	922,765	_	_	1,095,719	922,765
Transportation	332,988	308,918	_	_	332,988	308,918
Environmental protection	316,907	219,838	_	_	316,907	219,838
Economic development	62,169	41,783	_	_	62,169	41,783
Non-departmental	174,733	238,289	-	_	174,733	238,289
Water and sewer	1,278	3,954	1,584,704	1,749,582	1,585,982	1,753,536
Total expenses	2,467,804	2,109,828	1,584,704	1,749,582	4,052,508	3,859,410
Transfers	-	(60,000)	-	60,000	-	-
Change in net position	135,042	262,340	(210,584)	(172,632)	(75,542)	89,708
Net position, beginning	645,377	383,037	6,521,409	6,694,041	7,166,786	7,077,078
Net position, ending	\$ 780,419	\$ 645,377	\$ 6,310,825 \$	6,521,409	\$ 7,091,244	\$ 7,166,786

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$135,042. The increase in net position was primarily due to an increase in revenues compared to the prior year. Operating expenditures increased compared to the prior year. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues were the largest revenue contributor for the governmental funds with 38.70% of total revenues. Ad valorem tax revenues were the next largest at 31.30%.

Capital and operating grants for governmental activities furnished resources to support the five functions of the Town: general government, public safety, transportation, environmental protection, and economic and community development.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$210,584. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

• A decrease in the total revenues compared to the previous year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Fairmont uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,250,436. Of this total amount, \$765,756 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that funds are not available for spending because these funds have already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior year, or 2) for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Fairmont. At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$765,756 with a total fund balance of \$1,151,545. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 32.03% of total General Fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Fairmont's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to a negative (\$347,262). Other factors concerning this fund have been discussed in the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Fairmont's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, totals \$10,311,165 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investments in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure (including distribution systems), and vehicles.

The Town of Fairmont's Capital Assets

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type		
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land	\$ 161,046	\$ 161,046	\$ 7,091	\$ 7,091	\$ 168,137	\$ 168,137
Buildings & infrastructure	2,153,601	2,153,601	12,755	12,755	2,166,356	2,166,356
Equipment	1,128,979	848,588	844,203	844,203	1,973,182	1,692,791
Vehicles	1,357,597 1,357,597		-	-	1,357,597	1,357,597
Construction in progress	-	-	208,750	208,750	208,750	208,750
Water & Sewer infrastructure	-	-	15,732,651	15,725,530	15,732,651	15,725,530
Total depreciable assets	4,640,177	4,359,786	16,798,359	16,791,238	21,438,536	21,151,024
Less -						
accumulated depreciation	3,544,885	3,459,236	7,750,623	7,434,363	11,295,508	10,893,599
Total depreciable assets, net	1,095,292	900,550	9,047,736	9,356,875	10,143,028	10,257,425
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,256,338	\$ 1,061,596	\$ 9,054,827	\$ 9,363,966	\$10,311,165	\$ 10,425,562

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3, beginning on page 28.

Long-term debt. As of June 30, 2022, the Town of Fairmont had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,396,740.

The Town of Fairmont's Outstanding Debt

		nmental		Busine Acti	-		Total			
	2022	2021	2022			2021	2022	2021		
General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,396,740	\$	2,467,000	\$ 2,396,740	\$ 2,467,000		
Direct placement										
installment debt	127,310	206,845		-		-	127,310	206,845		
Compensated absences	39,667	34,138		13,349		14,434	53,016	48,572		
OPEB	1,682,264	1,591,557		687,122		748,997	2,369,386	2,340,554		
Pension related debt (LGERS)	145,994	274,004		44,632		96,918	190,626	370,922		
Pension related debt (LEO)	207,932	144,821		-		-	207,932	144,821		
Total	\$ 2,203,167	\$ 2,251,365	\$	3,141,843	\$	3,327,349	\$ 5,345,010	\$ 5,578,714		

Town of Fairmont's Outstanding Debt

The Town of Fairmont's total debt decreased by \$233,704 during the fiscal year.

North Carolina's general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a governmental unit can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Fairmont is presently at \$9,442,038 (the amount of additional debt the town could obligate itself to under NC General Statute).

Additional information pertaining to the Town of Fairmont's long-term debt can be found in Note 3, beginning on page 42.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

• The unemployment rate for the Town and surrounding area is 6.60% at June 30, 2022, which is a decrease from a rate of 7.30% a year ago. This comparison is higher than the State's rate of 3.40% and the national rate of 3.60%.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Fairmont's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 421 South Main Street, Fairmont NC 28340.



Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Pi	nt		
	Governmental	Business Type		Fairmont ABC
	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 806,082	\$ 186,417	\$ 992,499	\$ 13,969
Taxes receivable (net)	210,761	-	210,761	-
Accounts receivable (net)	19,978	120,995	140,973	-
Due from other governments	220,535	-	220,535	-
Inventories	-	61,441	61,441	156,108
Prepaid items	-	-	-	3,981
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	587,396	96,717	684,113	8,604
Total current assets	1,844,752	465,570	2,310,322	182,662
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets (Note 3)				
Land	161,046	7,091	168,137	26,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,095,292	9,047,736	10,143,028	34,691
Total capital assets	1,256,338	9,054,827	10,311,165	61,191
Total assets	3,101,090	9,520,397	12,621,487	243,853
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension deferrals	346,827	95,284	442,111	-
OPEB deferrals Total deferred outflows of resources	300,220 647,047	122,625 217,909	422,845 864,956	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	27,627	28,691	56,318	73,646
Deferred revenue	27,027	17,791	17,791	73,040
Current portion of long-term liabilities	23,128	96,260	119,388	
Customer deposits	23,120	96,717	96,717	_
Total current liabilities	50,755	239,459	290,214	73,646
Long-term liabilities:				
Net pension liability	145,994	44,632	190,626	_
Total pension liability	207,932	,052	207,932	_
Total OPEB liability	1,682,264	687,122	2,369,386	_
Compensated absences	39,667	13,349	53,016	_
Due in more than one year	104,182	2,300,480	2,404,662	-
Total liabilities	2,230,794	3,285,042	5,515,836	73,646
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unspent grant proceeds	355,928	_	355,928	_
Pension deferrals	240,385	85,007	325,392	_
OPEB deferrals	140,611	57,432	198,043	_
Total deferred inflows of resources	736,924	142,439	879,363	
	730,724	142,437	677,303	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,129,028	6,658,087	7,787,115	61,191
Stabilization by State Statute	240,513	-	240,513	-
Other functions	587,396	-	587,396	35,962
Unrestricted	(1,176,518)	(347,262)	(1,523,780)	73,054
Total net position	\$ 780,419	\$ 6,310,825	\$ 7,091,244	\$ 170,207

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina **Statement of Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Program Revenues					Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position																	
														harges for		Capital ants and		perating rants and	Gov	Pr vernmental		ry Governme siness-type	nt			nirmont ABC
Functions/Programs	I	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Cor	ntributions	A	ctivities	A	Activities		Total		Board										
Primary Government																										
Governmental activities:																										
General government	\$	484,012	\$	1,197	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(482,815)	\$	-	\$	(482,815)	\$	-										
Public safety		1,095,719		-		253,639		139,852		(702,228)		-		(702,228)		-										
Transportation		332,988		-		-		92,787		(240,201)		-		(240,201)		-										
Environmental protection		316,907		233,960		-		1,741		(81,206)		-		(81,206)		-										
Economic and community dev.		62,169		-		-		-		(62,169)		-		(62,169)		-										
Non-departmental		174,733		-		-		-		(174,733)		-		(174,733)		-										
Interest on long-term debt		1,278		-		-		-		(1,278)		-		(1,278)		-										
Total governmental activities		2,467,804		235,157		253,639		234,380		(1,744,628)				(1,744,628)												
										<u> </u>				(, , ,												
Business-type activities:																										
Water and sewer		1,584,704		1,260,048		61,700		_		_		(262,956)		(262,956)		_										
Total business-type activities		1,584,704		1,260,048		61,700				_	(262,956)			(262,956)												
Total business expe activities		-,,				,,,,,,						(===,,, ==)		(===,,==)		•										
Total primary government	\$	4,052,508	\$	1,495,205	\$	315,339	\$	234,380		(1,744,628)		(262,956)		(2,007,584)												
Component unit																										
Fairmont ABC Board	©	1,203,872	\$	1,206,892	\$		¢									3,020										
Total component unit	<u>\$</u>	1,203,872	\$	1,206,892	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>							<u>-</u>		3,020										
rotai component unit	<u> </u>	1,203,672	—	1,200,692	Φ		Φ									3,020										
			Ge	eneral reven	nes:																					
				Taxes:																						
				Ad valorem	taxes					814,759		_		814,759		_										
				Other taxes		censes				225		_		225		_										
			(Grants and co			estric	ted to		223				223												
				pecific prog		ttions not r	05 1110	ica io		1,007,342		_		1,007,342		_										
				nvestment e		c				223		_		223		2										
				Miscellaneou	_					57,121		52,372		109,493		-										
			_	riscenaneou Fotal general	_	ues not inc	hidin	a transfers		1,879,670		52,372		1,932,042		2										
				rotat generat Fransfers	10 V CII	ues not me	iuumi	g cialistels		-		32,372		1,932,042												
			,		aral r	evenues and	ltran	cforc		1,879,670		52,372		1,932,042												
				Change in			ı tı all	31013		135,042		(210,584)		(75,542)		3,022										
			N	et position, b						645,377		6,521,409		7,166,786		167,185										
			INE	•	_	_			\$	780,419	\$	6,321,409	\$	7,091,244	\$	170,207										
		Net position, ending										0,310,823	<u> </u>	7,091,2 44	<u> </u>	1/0,20/										

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Ma							Total
		General	nds Al	RPA Fund		Nonmajor Funds	Go	vernmental Funds
ASSETS		General		AT 71 Unu	_	Tunus		Tunus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	806,082	\$	-	\$	-	\$	806,082
Restricted cash		125,726		355,928		105,742		587,396
Taxes receivable - net		210,761		-		-		210,761
Accounts receivable - net		19,978		-		-		19,978
Due from other governments	•	220,535		255.020	_	105.742		220,535
Total assets	\$	1,383,082	\$	355,928	\$	105,742	\$	1,844,752
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	20,776	\$		\$	6,851	\$	27,627
Total liabilities		20,776			_	6,851		27,627
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unspent grant proceeds		-		355,928		-		355,928
Property taxes receivable		210,761		-		-		210,761
Total deferred inflows of resources		210,761		355,928		<u>-</u>		566,689
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted:								
Stabilization by State Statute		240,513		-		-		240,513
Streets		113,558		-		-		113,558
Public Safety		12,168		-		-		12,168
Economic Development		-		-		98,891		98,891
Assigned - subsequent year's expenditures		19,550		-		-		19,550
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	765,756 1,151,545		-	_	98,891	_	765,756 1,250,436
Total fully balances	_	1,131,343			_	90,091		1,230,430
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,								
and fund balances	\$	1,383,082	\$	355,928	\$	105,742		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Stateme (Page 11) are different because: Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	ent of	Net Position						1,250,436
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not final resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Gross capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	ncial				\$	4,801,222 (3,544,884)		1,256,338
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	t							346,827
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds								300,220
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements								210,761
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are n and therefore are not reported in the funds	ot fina	incial uses						
Gross long-term debt, beginning Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition of long-term debt and principal					\$	(206,845)		
payments during the year.) Net pension liability Total pension liability OPEB liability						39,868 (145,994) (207,932) (1,682,264)		(2,203,167)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds						(1,002,207)		(240,385)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not reported in the funds								(140,611)
Not position of governmental activities							\$	780,419
Net position of governmental activities							3	/ 60,419

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	M	ajor		Total
	Fu	ınds	Nonmajor	Governmental
	General	ARPA Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 872,834	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 872,834
Other taxes and licenses	225	-	=	225
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,007,342	-	=	1,007,342
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	177,765	57,901	253,639	489,305
Permits and fees	1,789	-	-	1,789
Sales and services	233,960	-	-	233,960
Investment earnings	183	-	40	223
Miscellaneous	54,932		400	55,332
Total revenues	2,349,030	57,901	254,079	2,661,010
Expenditures:				
General government	507,610	-	-	507,610
Public safety	894,033	57,901	210,490	1,162,424
Transportation	349,223	-	-	349,223
Environmental protection	337,672	-	-	337,672
Economic and community development	61,295	-	6,913	68,208
Non-departmental	183,252	-	-	183,252
Debt service:		-		
Principal	56,407	-	-	56,407
Interest	1,278			1,278
Total expenditures	2,390,770	57,901	217,403	2,666,074
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(41,740)		36,676	(5,064)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to another fund				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	
Net change in fund balances	(41,740)	-	36,676	(5,064)
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,193,285		62,215	1,255,500
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,151,545	\$ -	\$ 98,891	\$ 1,250,436

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (5,064)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the			
cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated			
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is			
the amount by which capital outlays exceeded			
depreciation in the current period			
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$	280,390	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets		(85,649)	194,741
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal			
year are not included in the Statement of Activities			87,732
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues			(58,164)
			(==,==)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial			
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of			
the principal of long-term debt consumes the current			
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction has an effect on net position. Also,			
governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first			
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and			
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is			
the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-			
term debt and related items.			
Principal payments on long-term debt		56,407	56,407
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do			
not require the use of current financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental	funds.		
Compensated absences		(9,264)	
Pension expense		(55,174)	(140 610)
OPEB plan expense		(76,172)	 (140,610)
Total change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 135,042

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 886,100	\$ 873,018	\$	872,834	\$	(184)
Other taxes and licenses	195	225		225		-
Unrestricted intergovernmental	939,000	1,007,342		1,007,342		-
Restricted intergovernmental	102,939	224,123		177,765		(46,358)
Permits and fees	4,000	1,789		1,789		-
Sales and services	237,600	233,960		233,960		-
Investment earnings	-	-		183		183
Miscellaneous	 31,500	54,584		54,932		348
Total revenues	2,201,334	 2,395,041		2,349,030		(46,011)
Expenditures:						
General government	436,743	508,410		507,610		800
Public safety	979,884	897,294		894,033		3,261
Transportation	320,902	407,620		349,223		58,397
Environmental protection	218,200	337,692		337,672		20
Economic and community						
development	42,248	61,295		61,295		-
Non-departmental	145,757	183,252		183,252		-
Debt service						
Principal	56,400	56,407		56,407		-
Interest	1,200	1,278		1,278		_
Total expenditures	2,201,334	2,453,248		2,390,770		62,478
Revenues under expenditures	 	 (58,207)		(41,740)		16,467
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to another fund	-	-		-		-
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	 -	 		-		
Fund balance appropriated	-	58,207		-		(11,191)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$ -		(41,740)	\$	5,276
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending			\$	1,193,285 1,151,545		

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual ARPA Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Grant revenues	\$	\$	\$ 57,901	\$
Total revenues	57,901	57,901	57,901	
Expenditures:				
Public safety			57,901	
Total expenditures	57,901	57,901	57,901	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balance				
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending			\$ -	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

Same Same		Enterprise Fund	
Current assets: \$ 186,417 Restricted cash equivalents \$ 96,717 Accounts receivable - net 120,995 Inventories 61,441 Total current assets 465,570 Non-current assets: 2 Capital assets: 7,091 Land 7,091 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,054,827 Total deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,217 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noneurent liabilities 239,459 Noneurent portion of long-term debt 2,304,480 Total oneurrent liabilities		Water and	
Cash and eash equivalents \$ 186,417 Restricted cash 96,717 Accounts receivable - net 120,995 Inventories 61,441 Total current assets	<u>ASSETS</u>	Sewer Fund	
Restricted cash 96,717 Accounts receivable - net 120,995 Inventories 61,441 Total current assets 465,570 Non-current assets: 2 Capital assets: 7,091 Under capital assets of depreciation 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities 3,345,583 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total inbilities 3,205,583 Total current liabilities <th>Current assets:</th> <th></th>	Current assets:		
Accounts receivable - net 120,995 Inventories	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 186,417	
Inventories	Restricted cash	96,717	
Total current assets Non-current assets: Capital assets: Land 7,091 Other capital assets 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 122,625 Total deferredoutflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Total OPEB liability 44,632 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total Inabilities 3,045,583 Total Inabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 <td cols<="" td=""><td>Accounts receivable - net</td><td>120,995</td></td>	<td>Accounts receivable - net</td> <td>120,995</td>	Accounts receivable - net	120,995
Non-current assets: Capital assets: 7,091 Cher capital assets, net of depreciation 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Curent liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Total OPEB liability 44,632 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total hibilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows	Inventories	61,441	
Capital assets: 7,091 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferredoutflows of resources 217,909 LABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-termdebt 2,300,480 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total deferrals 57,432 Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of r	Total current assets	465,570	
Land 7,091 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 44,632 Noncurrent liabilities: 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total opeB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total inabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension defer	Non-current assets:		
Other capital assets 9,047,736 Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Total OPEB liability 487,222 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 Net POSITION Net investment in capital asset	Capital assets:		
Total capital assets 9,054,827 Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total loncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Land	7,091	
Total assets 9,520,397 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Deferred revenue 117,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,047,736	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 87,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total capital assets	9,054,827	
Pension deferrals 95,284 OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Net pension liability 44,632 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total assets	9,520,397	
OPEB deferrals 122,625 Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Total deferred outflows of resources 217,909 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities: 239,459 Noncurrent liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Pension deferrals	95,284	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: *** Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES *** Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	OPEB deferrals	122,625	
Current liabilities: 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: Value of the pension liability Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total deferred outflows of resources	217,909	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 28,691 Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	LIABILITIES		
Deferred revenue 17,791 Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: *** Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** *** Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 **NET POSITION** *** Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term liabilities 96,260 Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Net pension liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	28,691	
Customer deposits 96,717 Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: *** Net pension liability**	Deferred revenue	17,791	
Total current liabilities 239,459 Noncurrent liabilities: *** Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION ** Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Current portion of long-term liabilities	96,260	
Noncurrent liabilities: 44,632 Net pension liability 687,122 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Customer deposits	96,717	
Net pension liability 44,632 Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total current liabilities	239,459	
Total OPEB liability 687,122 Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences 13,349 Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Net pension liability	44,632	
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt 2,300,480 Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total OPEB liability	687,122	
Total noncurrent liabilities 3,045,583 Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Compensated absences	13,349	
Total liabilities 3,285,042 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 85,007 Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	2,300,480	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESPension deferrals85,007OPEB deferrals57,432Total deferred inflows of resources142,439NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets6,658,087Unrestricted(347,262)	Total noncurrent liabilities	3,045,583	
Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total liabilities	3,285,042	
Pension deferrals 85,007 OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
OPEB deferrals 57,432 Total deferred inflows of resources 142,439 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)		85,007	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	OPEB deferrals	57,432	
Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	Total deferred inflows of resources	142,439	
Net investment in capital assets 6,658,087 Unrestricted (347,262)	NET POSITION		
Unrestricted (347,262)		6,658,087	
	Total net position		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise
	Fund
	Water and
	Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 1,260,048
Total operating revenues	1,260,048
Operating expenses	
Administration	332,354
Water treatment	247,095
Water maintenance	140,373
Sewer treatment	296,044
Sewer maintenance	79,869
Sewer contract operations and maintenance	40,747
Non-departmental	52,271
Depreciation	316,260
Total operating expenses	1,505,013
Operating income (loss)	(244,965)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	
Grant income	52,372
Interest expense	(79,691)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(27,319)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(272,284)
Transfers in (out)	-
Capital contributions	61,700
Total Contributions and Transfers	61,700
Change in net position	(210,584)
Total net position, beginning	6,521,409
Total net position, ending	\$ 6,310,825

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	E	nterprise Fund
	W	ater and
	Se	wer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	1,389,198
Cash paid for goods and services		(752,538)
Cash paid to employees		(453,227)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		183,433
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Transfers from other funds		
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Capital contributions and grants		61,700
Payment of debt-related interest - all		(2,309,951)
Proceeds of new loans		2,160,000
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activites		(88,251)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		95,182
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		187,952
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	283,134
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating	activiti	es:
Operating income (loss)	\$	(244,965)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities -		
Depreciation		316,260
Change in assets and liabilities:		110.020
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		110,038
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		(32,177)
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB		(1,503)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(71,432)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues		17,791
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits		1,321
Decrease in compensated absences		(1,085)
Increase in net pension liability		(52,286)
Decrease in OPEB liability		61,875
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pensions Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		76,338
Total adjustments		3,258 428,398
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	183,433
recease provided (used) by operating activities	Ψ	103,733

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A - Reporting Entity

The Town of Fairmont is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Town of Fairmont ABC Board

The Town appoints the members of the ABC Board's governing board. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a Proprietary Fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Fairmont ABC Board, c/o Town of Fairmont, Post Office Box 248, Fairmont, North Carolina 28340.

B - Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from the exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major Governmental fund:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B - Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are Ad Valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. Primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

ARPA Fund - This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the American Rescue Plan Act grant monies received and spent during the year.

The Town reports the following non-major Governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains two Special Revenue Funds - the Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund and the Cemetery Fund.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations. The Town has two capital project funds within its proprietary fund types used to account for financial resources restricted for the improvement of the water and sewer treatment plants.

C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad Valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Fairmont because the tax is levied by Robeson County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenue and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenue that is unearned at year-end is recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

D - Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund up to \$2,500; however, the governing board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or exceed \$2,500. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes that prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

- April 30 Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.
- June 1 The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.
- June 30 The governing board shall adopt the budget ordinance.

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Town's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2 a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value. The NCCMT-Term Portfolio is bond fund, has no rating, and is measured at fair value. As of June 30, 2022, the Term portfolio has a duration of .15 years. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town of Fairmont has invested in securities that are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Money in the Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund and Cemetery Fund are classified as restricted assets because its use is restricted to those funds. Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Restricted cash at June 30, 2022 was \$587,396 and \$96,717 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenue is reported net of such discounts.

Inventory

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased. The inventories of the Town's Enterprise Funds and those of the Town of Fairmont ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain threshold and an estimated life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

Buildings and infrastructure	2%
Improvements	10%
Equipment and vehicles	17%

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Useful Life
Buildings	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion – pension and OPEB related deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable, pension and OPEB related deferrals, and unspent grant proceeds.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days of earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned – when material. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time.

Both the Town and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Net Position / Fund Balances

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue from asset forfeiture funds.

Restricted for Economic Development - portion of fund balance restricted for economic development [G.S. Chapter 159, Article 3, Part 2].

Unassigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Fairmont has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Fairmont's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Fairmont has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A - Significant violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

None

B - Deficit in Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds

None

C - Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A - Assets

Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and ABC Board have no policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A - Assets (continued)

Deposits (continued)

At June 30, 2022, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,453,414, and a bank balance of \$1,528,589. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2022, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$850.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$22,573, and the bank balance was \$25,245. Federal Deposit Insurance covered all of the bank balance.

Investments

At June 30, 2022, the Town of Fairmont had \$222,348 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Governmental Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

Receivables – Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts: General Fund – Taxes receivable: \$54,453.

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Beginning			Ending	
Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances	
\$ 161,046	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 161,046	
2,153,601	-	-	2,153,601	
848,588	280,391	-	1,128,979	
1,357,597			1,357,597	
4,520,832	280,391		4,801,223	
1,719,298	12,902	-	1,732,200	
724,541	27,905	-	752,446	
1,015,397	44,842		1,060,239	
3,459,236	\$ 85,649	\$ -	3,544,885	
\$ 1,061,596			\$ 1,256,338	
	Balances \$ 161,046 2,153,601 848,588 1,357,597 4,520,832 1,719,298 724,541 1,015,397 3,459,236	Balances Increases \$ 161,046 \$ - 2,153,601 - 848,588 280,391 1,357,597 - 4,520,832 280,391 1,719,298 12,902 724,541 27,905 1,015,397 44,842 3,459,236 \$ 85,649	Balances Increases Decreases \$ 161,046 \$ - \$ - 2,153,601 - - 848,588 280,391 - 1,357,597 - - 4,520,832 280,391 - 1,719,298 12,902 - 724,541 27,905 - 1,015,397 44,842 - 3,459,236 \$ 85,649 \$ -	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 14,702
Public Safety	49,046
Transportation	12,707
Environmental Protection	 9,194
Total depreciation expense	\$ 85,649

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

A - Assets (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

D .	4
Business-ty	ne activities :
Dustiness cy	pe activities.

Water and Sewer Fund	Beginning				Ending				
Capital assets	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances		
Land (non-depreciable)	\$ 7,09	1	\$ -		\$ -		\$	7,091	
Public works building	12,755		-		-			12,755	
Water and sewer system	15,732,65	1	_		-		15,732,651		
Equipment	844,20	13		-		-		844,203	
Construction in progress (non-depreciable)	208,75	0		-				208,750	
Total capital assets	16,805,450						16,805,450		
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Public works building	12,75	8		-		-		12,758	
Water and sewer system	6,740,38	5		297,625		-		7,038,010	
Equipment	681,22	:0		18,635		-		699,855	
Total accumulated depreciation Business-type activities	7,434,30	3	\$	316,260	\$			7,750,623	
capital assets, net	\$ 9,371,08	:7					\$	9,054,827	

Activity for the ABC Board for the year ending June 30, 2022, was as follows:

ABC Board	Beginning					Ending			
Capital assets	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances		
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	26,500	\$		\$	-	\$	26,500	
Buildings		101,945		-		-		101,945	
Building improvements		-		12,906		-		12,906	
Parking lot improvements		10,875		-		-		10,875	
Equipment		102,197		747				102,944	
Total capital assets		241,517		13,653				255,170	
				_				_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		101,945		-		-		101,945	
Building improvements		-		-		-		-	
Parking lot improvements		3,796		1,570		-		5,366	
Equipment		82,272		4,396				86,668	
								_	
Total accumulated depreciation		188,013	\$	5,966	\$			193,979	
ABC Board									
capital assets, net	\$	53,504					\$	61,191	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Fairmont is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Fairmont employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Fairmont's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 9.70% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 8.95% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Fairmont were \$123,566 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (continued)

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees, who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$190,626 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.01243%, which was an increase of 0.00205% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$95,548. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred		Deferred	
Outflows of		In	flows of
Resources		Re	esources
\$	60,645	\$	-
	119,762		-
	-		272,347
	48,874		18,224
	123,566		-
\$	352,847	\$	290,571
	Ou Re	Outflows of Resources \$ 60,645 119,762 - 48,874 123,566	Outflows of Resources Resources 119,762

\$123,566 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 28,348
2024	2,700
2025	(8,997)
2026	(83,340)
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ (61,289)

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 8.10 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	Increase (7.50%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 739,994	\$ 190,626	\$ (261,472)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description.

The Town of Fairmont administers a public employee retirement system (the *Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2020, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	10
Total	10

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation

and productivity factor

Discount rate 2.25 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2020.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B – Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (continued)

3. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$207,932. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021 based on a December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$33,921.

Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	54,900	\$	26,214	
	34,364		8,607	
			-	
\$	89,264	\$	34,821	
	Ou	Outflows of Resources \$ 54,900 34,364	Outflows of Resources In Resources \$ 54,900 \$ 34,364	

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 10,352
2024	10,632
2025	10,336
2026	8,540
2027	8,461
Thereafter	 6,122
	\$ 54,443

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(1.25%)	(2.25%)	(3.25%)
Total pension liability	\$ 232,576	\$ 207,932	\$ 185,842

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

		2022		
Beginning balance	\$	144,821		
Service cost		20,774		
Interest on the total pension liability		2,795		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience in the				
measurement of the total pension liability		47,142		
Changes of assumptions of other inputs		(7,600)		
Benefit payments		-		
Other changes				
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	207,932		

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension Expense	\$ 95,549	\$ 33,921	\$ 129,470
Pension Liability	190,626	207,932	398,558
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.01243	n/a	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	60,645	54,900	115,545
Changes of assumptions	119,762	34,364	154,126
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	48,874	-	48,874
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent			
to the measurement date	123,566	-	123,566
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	26,214	26,214
Changes of assumptions	-	8,607	8,607
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
plan investments	272,347	-	272,347
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	18,224	-	18,224

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$26,215, which consisted of \$17,120 from the Town and \$9,095 from the law enforcement officers.

Other Postemployment Benefits

According to a Town resolution, the Town provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least five years of creditable service with the Town. In addition, the Town pays the full cost of these benefits with a minimum of twenty years of creditable service with the Town. Retirees who do not meet the aforementioned criteria have the option to purchase coverage themselves and their dependents through the Town for eighteen months. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the retirees. The Town maintains health care coverage through private insurers.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	9	
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not		
yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	12	10
Total	21	10

T

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$2,369,386 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 to 8.41 percent, including inflation

Discount rate 2.16 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-Medicare 7.00 percent

Medicare 5.125 percent Dental 3.50 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at 6/30/20	\$	2,340,554	
Service cost		46,655	
Interest on the total pension liability		51,823	
Changes of benefit terms		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the			
measurement of the total OPEB liability		(117,188)	
Changes of assumptions of other inputs		132,577	
Benefit payments		(85,035)	
Other changes			
Balance at 6/30/21	\$	2,369,386	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Date Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
Total OPEB liability	\$2,794,868	\$2,369,386	\$ 2,035,132

Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,026,167	\$2,369,386	\$ 2,806,533

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ending June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$107,284. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	De	eferred	D	eferred	
	Out	tflows of	In	iflows of	
	Res	sources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	134,810	
Changes of assumptions		422,845		63,233	
Benefit payments and plan administrative					
expense made subsequent to the measurement date				-	
Total	\$	422,845	\$	198,043	

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 11,611
2024	41,699
2025	59,052
2026	60,297
2027	52,143
Thereafter	
	\$ 224,802

Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multi-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits, Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employees death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of the contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end are comprised of pension related deferrals of \$442,111 and OPEB deferrals of \$422,845.

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of pension deferrals of \$325,392, OPEB deferrals of \$198,043, and unspent grant proceeds of \$355,928.

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the finance officer and tax collector are individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to cash are covered under a blanket insurance policy. The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance for the simple fact none of its buildings are located in a designated flood area. The Fairmont ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Long-Term Obligations

Installment Purchase

During the 2022 fiscal year, the Town entered into a direct placement loan of \$176,973 with Santander Bank for the purchase of a streetsweeper. The equipment is pledged as collateral for the debt while the debt is outstanding. Payments are made annually in the amount of \$27,976, including interest at the rate of 3.22% for the next six years.

Years ending June 30:	Total	Principal			I	nterest
2023	27,976		23,873			4,103
2024	27,976		24,642			3,334
2025	27,976		25,437			2,540
2026	27,976		26,256			1,720
2027	 27,976		27,102			873
Total	\$ 139,880	\$	127,310		\$	12,570

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

General Obligation Indebtedness

General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. The general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. The Revenue Bond is secured by and payable from a pledge of sewer system revenues, only. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2022, are comprised of the following issues:

General Obligation Bonds – Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

On August 25, 2021 the Town refinanced the prior USDA bonds through First Bank for a total of \$2,160,000. Payments on this new bond are quarterly totaling \$35,535 including interest at 2.9%. The balance of the bond at June 30, 2022 was \$2,070,740.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bond follows immediately below:

Go Refunding Bond, Series 2021

Years ending June 30:	Total			Principal	Interest		
2023	\$	142,140	_	\$ 82,986		\$	59,154
2024		142,140		85,419			56,722
2025		142,140		87,923			54,217
2026	142,140			90,501			51,640
2027		142,140		93,154			48,986
2028-2032		710,700		508,371			216,810
2033-2037		710,700		587,390			140,042
2038-2041		568,560		534,996			51,342
Total	\$	2,700,660	_	\$ 2,070,740		\$	678,913

Revenue Bonds – Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

\$385,000 - 2014 Revenue Serial Bonds due in various annual installments through 2053; interest at 2.25%. The balance of the revenue bonds at June 30, 2022 was \$326,000.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds follows immediately below:

Years ending June 30:	Total	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2023	\$ 14,493	\$	7,000	\$	7,493
2024	15,335		8,000		7,335
2025	15,178		8,000		7,178
2026	14,998		8,000		6,998
2027	14,818		8,000		6,818
2028-2032	73,365		42,000		31,365
2034-2037	73,415		47,000		26,415
2038-2042	73,858		53,000		20,858
2043-2047	73,603		59,000		14,603
2048-2052	73,650		66,000		7,650
2053-2054	 28,945		20,000		8,945
Total	\$ 471,658	\$	326,000	\$	145,658

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B - Liabilities (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Changes in Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2022, the Town of Fairmont had a legal debt margin (computed as 8% of assessed property valuations after senior exemptions less any outstanding structured debt) of \$9,442,038.

Summary of activity -	Beginning			Ending	Current
Governmental activities	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balance	Portion
Direct Placement					
Installment purchases	\$ 206,845	\$ -	\$ 79,535	\$ 127,310	\$ 23,128
Compensated absences	30,400	9,267	-	39,667	-
Total OPEB liability	1,591,557	90,707	-	1,682,264	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	274,004	-	128,010	145,994	-
Total pension liability (LEO)	144,821	63,111	-	207,932	-
Total	\$ 2,247,627	\$ 163,085	\$ 207,545	\$2,203,167	\$ 23,128
Business-type activities					
• 1					
Compensated absences	\$ 14,434	\$ -	\$ 1,085	\$ 13,349	\$ -
Total OPEB liability	748,997	-	61,875	687,122	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	96,918	-	52,286	44,632	-
Go refunding bond 2021	-	2,160,000	89,260	2,070,740	89,260
General obligation bonds 2002	2,134,000	-	2,134,000	-	-
General obligation bonds 2014	333,000	-	7,000	326,000	7,000
Total	\$ 3,327,349	\$2,160,000	\$2,345,506	\$3,141,843	\$ 96,260

NOTE 4 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The mayor of the Town of Fairmont appoints the three-member board of the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority. The Town is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the Town is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The Town of Fairmont is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority.

NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$1,151,545		
Less:			
Stabilization by State Statute	240,513		
Streets-Powell Bill	113,558		
Public Safety	12,168		
Assigned - subsequent year's expenditures	19,550		
Remaining Fund Balance	765,756		

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 11, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Required Supplementary Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability for Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Contributions to Local Government Employees' Retirement System
- Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability
- Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Town of Fairmont's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Fairmont's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01243	0.01038%	0.01329%	0.01071%	0.01126%	0.01162%	0.01333%	0.00015%	0.00017%
Fairmont's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 190,626	\$370,922	\$ 362,940	\$ 254,078	\$ 172,022	\$246,615	\$ 59,824	\$ (87,165)	\$208,531
Fairmont's covered-employee payroll	\$943,512	\$892,975	\$ 928,617	\$ 895,262	\$848,630	\$768,386	\$ 708,639	\$835,741	\$835,741
Fairmont's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	20.20%	41.54%	39.08%	28.38%	20.27%	32.10%	8.44%	-10.43%	24.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%	96.45%	96.45%

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Town of Fairmont's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Nine Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 123,566	\$ 92,009	\$ 80,732	\$ 73,636	\$ 69,601	\$ 62,845	\$ 53,341	\$ 51,078	\$ 59,849
Contributions in relation to the contractually required									
contribution	123,566	92,009	80,732	73,636	69,601	62,845	53,341	51,078	59,849
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fairmont's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,068,909	\$ 943,512	\$ 892,975	\$ 928,617	\$ 895,262	\$ 848,630	\$ 768,387	\$ 708,639	\$835,741
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee									
payroll	11.56%	9.75%	9.04%	7.92%	7.78%	6.94%	6.94%	7.21%	7.16%

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2022

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Beginning balance	\$	144,821	\$	103,542	\$	99,372	\$	54,985	\$	67,068	\$	58,727
Service cost		20,774		9,111		11,500		9,080		4,880		9,052
Interest on the total pension liability		2,795		3,375		3,617		1,738		2,589		2,097
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement												
of the total pension liability		47,142		(15,059)		(15,098)		37,718		(23,999)		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(7,600)		43,852		4,151		(4,149)		4,447		(2,808)
Benefit payments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other changes								-				-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	207,932	\$	144,821	\$	103,542	\$	99,372	\$	54,985	\$	67,068

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2022

	 2022	2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 207,932	\$ 144,821	\$ 103,542	\$ 99,372	\$ 54,985	\$ 67,068
Covered payroll	444,410	258,074	442,836	336,798	249,660	333,955
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	46.79%	56.12%	23.38%	29.50%	22.02%	20.083%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	46,655	\$ 29,585	\$ 39,505	\$ 42,092	\$ 48,001
Interest		51,823	65,878	71,812	67,554	60,667
Change of benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(117,188)	(17,974)	(37,348)	(12,751)	(1,648)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		132,577	443,765	(5,031)	(99,967)	(182,585)
Benefit payments		(85,035)	(66,150)	(58,560)	(38,516)	(46,206)
Net change in total OPEB liability	· · · · · ·	28,832	 455,104	10,378	 (41,588)	 (121,771)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,340,554	1,885,450	1,875,072	1,916,660	2,038,431
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,369,386	\$ 2,340,554	\$ 1,885,450	\$ 1,875,072	\$ 1,916,660
Covered payroll	\$	775,581	\$ 738,842	\$ 738,842	\$ 664,632	\$ 664,632
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		305.50%	316.79%	255.19%	282.12%	288.38%

Notes to the schedules:

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflects the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The Following are the discount rates used in each period:

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%
2018	3.56%



General Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Duuget	Actual	(regative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$	\$ 872,834	\$
Total	873,018	872,834	(184)
Other taxes and licenses:			
Privilege and gaming license	225	225	
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales taxes		814,046	
Utilities franchise tax		133,620	
Video franchise fee		10,935	
Beer and wine tax		8,648	
ABC profit distribution		40,093	
Total	1,007,342	1,007,342	-
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation		85,457	
Court fees		1,197	
Solid waste disposal tax		1,741	
Governor's Hwy Safety Program		7,330	
Grants		76,947	
State drug funds		5,093	
Total	224,123	177,765	(46,358)
Permits and fees:			
Fire inspection fees		669	
Zoning permits		1,120	
Total	1,789	1,789	-
Sales and services:			
Sanitation fees	233,960	233,960	
Investment earnings:		183	183
Miscellaneous:			
Miscellaneous		9,993	
Sale of assets		22,544	
Net equipment and building rental		22,395	
Total	54,584	54,932	348
Total revenues	\$ 2,395,041	\$ 2,349,030	\$ (46,011)

General Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$ 12,067	\$
Other operating expenditures		1,268	
Total	13,335	13,335	
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		94,468	
Other operating expenditures		1,069	
Total	95,537	95,537	
Clerk:			
Salaries and employee benefits		57,506	
Other operating expenditures		6,512	
Total	64,018	64,018	
Finance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		84,878	
Professional services		33,355	
Other operating expenditures		9,730	
Total	127,963	127,963	
Taxes:			
Robeson County collection fee		31,177	
Total	31,177	31,177	
Legal:			
Contracted services	8,977	8,177	800
Planning:			
Other operating expenditures		12,314	
Total	\$ 12,314	\$ 12,314	\$ -

General Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Public buildings:	<u> </u>		(r (egaer (e)
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$ 65,249	\$
Utilities and telephone		40,319	
Maintenance and repairs		27,713	
Other operating expenditures		21,808	
Total	155,089	155,089	
Total general government	508,410	507,610	800
Public safety:			
Police and police dispatch:			
Salaries and employee benefits		653,088	
Robeson County communications		43,820	
Vehicle maintenance		10,093	
Maintenance and repairs		11,220	
Auto supplies		65,378	
Other operating expenditures		53,853	
Total	837,712	837,452	260
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits		24,891	
Vehicle maintenance		8,087	
Other operating expenditures		23,603	
Total	59,582	56,581	3,001
Total public safety	\$ 897,294	\$ 894,033	\$ 3,261

General Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Transportation:	Duger	Hetuui	(regative)
Powell Bill:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$ 34,927	\$
Maintenance and repairs		50,529	
Total	85,457	85,456	1
Garage:			
Salaries and employee benefits		56,731	
Other operating expenditures		674	
Total	57,405	57,405	
Streets:			
Salaries and employee benefits		94,549	
Street lights		56,356	
Vehicle maintenance		10,953	
Maintenance and repairs		20,882	
Auto supplies		9,112	
Other operating expenditures		14,510	
Total	264,758	206,362	58,396
Total transportation	407,620	349,223	58,397
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation:			
Contracted services		169,879	
Vehicle maintenance		53,488	
Maintenance and repairs		8,400	
Landfill		30,000	
Other operating expenditures		6,005	
Capital outlay		69,900	
Total environmental protection	\$ 337,692	\$ 337,672	\$ 20

General Fund

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Economic and community development:			<u>(</u>
Community Service:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$ 19,164	\$
Activities		25,258	
Library		9,845	
Other operating expenditures		7,028	
Total economic and community			
development	61,295	61,295	
Debt service:			
Principal		56,407	
Interest		1,278	
Total debt service	57,685	57,685	
Non-departmental:			
Retiree insurance		75,978	
Other operating expenditures		55,059	
Insurance and bonds		52,215	
Total non-departmental	183,252	183,252	
Total expenditures	2,453,248	2,390,770	62,478
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(58,207)	(41,740)	16,467
Other financing sources (uses):			
Loan proceeds	-	-	-
Transfers to another fund			
Total other financing sources (uses):			
Appropriated Fund Balance	58,207	-	(58,207)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(41,740)	\$ (41,740)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending		1,193,285 \$ 1,151,545	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina ARPA Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Grant revenues	\$	\$ 57,901	\$
Total revenues	57,901	57,901	
Expenditures:			
Public safety		57,901	
Total expenditures	57,901	57,901	
Revenues over (under)			
expenditures	-	-	-
Appropriated fund balance			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending		\$ -	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets June 30, 2022

	Ent	Business erprise ant Fund	 F Grant Fund	Fire Grant	metery Fund	Gov	Nonmajor ernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and investments	\$	36,749	\$ 50,000	\$ 	\$ 18,993	\$	105,742
Total assets	\$	36,749	\$ 50,000	\$ 	\$ 18,993	\$	105,742
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities	\$		\$ 	\$ 6,851	\$ 	\$	6,851
Fund balances		36,749	 50,000	 (6,851)	 18,993		98,891
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	36,749	\$ 50,000	\$ 	\$ 18,993	\$	105,742

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ent	Business erprise nt Fund	F Grant Fund	AFG	Fire Grant Fund	emetery Fund	Gove	Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues:								
Interest income	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 40	\$	40
Grant income		-	50,000		203,639	-		253,639
Other		400	-		-	-		400
Total revenues		400	 50,000		203,639	40		254,079
Expenditures:								
Community service		6,913	-		-	-		6,913
Capital outlay		-	-		210,490	-		210,490
Total expenditures		6,913	 		210,490	-		217,403
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(6,513)	50,000		(6,851)	40		36,676
expenditures		(0,515)	50,000		(0,031)	-10		30,070
Fund balance, beginning		43,262	 -		-	18,953		62,215
Fund balance, ending	\$	36,749	\$ 50,000	\$	(6,851)	\$ 18,993	\$	98,891

Special Revenue Fund – Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Other	\$	\$ 400	\$
Total revenues	10,000	400	(9,600)
Expenditures:			
Loans to businesses		200	
Other		6,713	
Total expenditures	10,000	6,913	3,087
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(6,513)	(6,513)
Appropriated fund balance			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(6,513)	\$ (6,513)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending		43,262 \$ 36,749	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Capital Project Fund – SCIF Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					A	Actual			V	ariance
	Project	•	Pı	rior	C	urrent	1	Total to	F	Positive
	Authorizat	ion	Ye	ears		Year		Date	<u>(N</u>	legative)
Revenues:										
Grant revenues	\$ 50,0	00	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Total revenues	50,0	00		-		50,000		50,000		-
Expenditures:										
Grant expenditures	50,0	00		-		-		-		50,000
Total expenditures	50,0	00		-		-		-		50,000
Revenues over (under)	Ф		Ф		Φ	50,000	Ф	50,000	Φ	(50,000)
expenditures	\$ -		\$		\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	(50,000)

Special Revenue Fund – AFG Fire Grant Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual From Inception and For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	O.T
		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Grant revenue	\$	\$ 203,639	\$
Total revenues	217,000	203,639	(13,361)
Expenditures:			
Grant expenditures		210,490	
Total expenditures	217,000	210,490	6,510
Revenues over (under)			
expenditures	-	(6,851)	(6,851)
Appropriated fund balance			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(6,851)	\$ (6,851)
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending		\$ (6,851)	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Special Revenue Fund – Cemetery Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Interest income	\$	\$ 40	\$
Total revenues	<u> </u>	40	40
Expenditures:			
Labor, supplies, etc		_	
Total expenditures			
Revenues over (under)			
expenditures	-	40	40
Appropriated fund balance			
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	40	\$ 40
Fund balance, beginning		18,953	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 18,993	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Water and Sewer Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Duaget	Actual	(Negative)
Operating revenue:			
Water sales	\$	\$ 446,198	\$
Sewer sales	Ψ	764,591	Ψ
Late fees		22,631	
Other operating revenue		26,628	
Total operating revenues	1,260,048	1,260,048	
Total operating to tenues	1,200,010	1,200,010	
Nonoperating revenues:			
Grants		52,372	
Total nonoperating revenues	52,372	52,372	
Total revenues	1,312,420	1,312,420	
Expenditures:			
Water and sewer administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		258,103	
Telephone		8,696	
Utilities		15,259	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		2,489	
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles		1,959	
Equipment rental		4,874	
Auto supplies		11,791	
Departmental supplies		19,837	
Other operating expenditures		2,919	
Total water and sewer administration	\$ 326,054	\$ 325,927	\$ 127

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (continued):			
Water treatment:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$ 65,571	\$
Training		4,087	
Telephone		105,616	
Utilities		29,329	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		28,565	
Other operating expenditures		9,149	
Total water treatment	242,344	242,317	27
Water maintenance:			
Salaries and employee benefits		51,752	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		17,640	
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles		5,669	
Auto supplies		36,725	
Departmental supplies		25,119	
Other operating expenditures		754	
Total water maintenance	137,659	137,659	-
Sewage treatment:			
Salaries and employee benefits		98,934	
Professional services		33,739	
Telephone		10,229	
Utilities		106,623	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment		11,435	
Departmental supplies		28,672	
Other operating expenditures		687	
Total sewage treatment	290,454	290,319	135
Nondepartmental:			
Insurance and bonds		26,105	
Professional services		25,155	
Total nondepartmental	\$ 51,260	\$ 51,260	\$ -

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budget		Actual	P	oriance ositive egative)
Expenditures (continued):						<u> </u>
Sewer maintenance:						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$	33,287	\$	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment				5,786		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles				13,448		
Auto supplies				18,628		
Departmental supplies				7,176		
Total sewer maintenance		78,830		78,325		505
Sewer contract operations and maintenance:						
Other operating expenses				39,959		
Total sewer contract opetrations and maintenance		40,000		39,959		41
Total operating expenditures		1,166,601		1,165,766		835
Capital outlay						
Debt Service:						
Principal repayment				2,230,260		
Interest				79,691		
Total debt service		2,351,940		2,309,951		41,989
Total expenditures		3,518,541		3,475,717		42,824
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,206,121)	((2,163,297)		42,824
Proceeds from loan		2,154,100		2,160,000		5,900
Appropriated fund balance		52,021		-		(52,021)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and	\$		\$	(3,297)	¢	(2.207)
other financing uses	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(3,297)	\$	(3,297)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual)	to ful	l accrual:				
Revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	(3,297)		
Reconciling items:						
Principal retirement				2,230,260		
Loan proceeds			((2,160,000)		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - pensions				32,177		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - OPEB				26,938		
Decrease in net pension liability				52,286		
Increase in OPEB liability				(33,021)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensions				(76,338)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - OPEB				(25,029)		
Depreciation				(316,260)		
Capital contributions				61,700		
Total reconciling items				(207,287)		
Change in net position			\$	(210,584)		

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non – GAAP) From Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance		
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	<u>Authorization</u>	Years	Year	<u>Date</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:					
AIA water mapping	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000
CDBG	2,000,000	-	61,700	61,700	1,938,300
Golden Leaf	90,000	90,000	-	90,000	-
Golden Leaf	345,000	69,000	-	69,000	276,000
Total revenues	2,585,000	159,000	61,700	220,700	2,364,300
Expenditures:					
AIA water mapping	150,000	-	11,000	11,000	139,000
CDBG	2,000,000	-	61,700	61,700	1,938,300
Golden Leaf	90,000	55,250	-	55,250	34,750
Golden Leaf	345,000	3,500	2,500	6,000	339,000
Total expenditures	2,585,000	58,750	75,200	133,950	2,451,050
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 100,250	\$ (13,500)	\$ 86,750	\$ (86,750)



Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2022

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Ba	collected dances 30, 2021	Ad	ditions	llections and Credits	Ba	collected dances 30, 2022
2021-2022	\$	_	\$	881,917	\$ 816,385	\$	65,532
2020-2021		46,520		-	12,079		34,441
2019-2020		43,605		-	9,119		34,486
2018-2019		39,514		-	7,053		32,461
2017-2018		27,378		-	5,939		21,439
2016-2017		26,275		-	4,433		21,842
2015-2016		24,046		-	4,102		19,944
2014-2015		20,889		-	3,921		16,968
2013-2014		17,114		-	2,110		15,004
2012-2013		30,405		-	27,308		3,097
2011-2012		18,713		-	18,713		-
	\$	294,459	\$	881,917	\$ 911,162		265,214
Less: allowance for uncollec	tible ac	ccounts - Ge	neral F	und			54,453
Ad valorem taxes receiv	vable - 1	net				\$	210,761
Reconciliation to revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes - General Reconciling items:	Fund					\$	872,834
Other							38,328
Total collections and credi	ts					\$	911,162

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Town-Wide Levy				Total Levy			
	Property Valuation	Rate		Total Levy	Es Re	roperty scluding egistered Motor 'ehicles		gistered Motor ehicles
Original levy								
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$118,025,479	0.73	\$	878,497	\$	757,464	\$	121,033
Discoveries				4,483		4,483		
Releases				(1,063)		(1,063)		
Net levy				881,917		760,884		121,033
Less - uncollected taxes	s at June 30, 2022			65,532		65,532		
Current year's tax	xes collected		\$	816,385	\$	695,352	\$	121,033
Current levy colle	ction percentage			92.57%		91.39%		100.00%



S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS American Institute of CPAs N. C. Association of CPAs

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2022. The financial statements of the Fairmont ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fairmont's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Fairmont's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lumberton, North Carolina November 11, 2022

S. Presta Douglas of Vosonita, LIP

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified.				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes <u>X</u> no				
 Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	yesX none reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements	yes <u>X</u> no				

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

None.

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Finding: 2021-001

Status: Corrected