

### S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS American Institute of CPAs N. C. Association of CPAs

October 27, 2014

Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Fairmont for the year ended June 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2014. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit.

### Our Responsibility under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

Our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

### Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you.

### **Significant Audit Findings**

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. We will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by the Town of Fairmont are described in the first note to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2013-14. We noted no transactions entered into by the Organization during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. No misstatements were encountered.

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

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In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Organization's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Organization's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the audit committee of Town of Fairmont, other cognizant agencies, and the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully yours,

S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

Lumberton, North Carolina

**Audited Financial Statements** 

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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# Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Audited Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Charles Townsend, Mayor

### **Board of Town Commissioners**

**Terry Evans** 

Carol Leak-McKenzie

Monte McCallum

Jeffrey J. McCree

Amelia Ann McLean

Wade Sealey

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Linda Vause, Town Manager/Finance Officer

Jenny Larson, Town Clerk

## Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2014

I.	Financial Section	Page
	Independent Auditor's Report	1
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
II.	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements:	
	Statement of Net Position	10
	Statement of Activities	11
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance — Governmental Funds	13
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	15
	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	17
	Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	18
	Notes to Financial Statements	19
III.	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
	Other Postemployment Benefits – Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions	37
IV.	Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
	General Fund	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	38
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheets	44

## Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Table of Contents June 30, 2014

IV.	Individual Fund Financial Statements (continued)	Page
	Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)	
	Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	45
	Special Revenue Funds	
	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
	Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund	46
	Cemetery Fund	47
	Parks and Recreation Fund	48
	Community Development	49
	Enterprise Fund – Proprietary Fund Type	
	Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Water and Sewer Fund	50
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund	53
v.	Statistical Section	
	Schedule of Cash and Investments	54
	Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy	55
	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	56
VI.	Compliance Section	
	Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	57
	Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses	59

### S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS American Institute of CPAs N. C. Association of CPAs

### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Fairmont ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year ended in accordance with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Other Postemployment Benefits' Schedules of Funding Progress and Schedules of Employer Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary and other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated in, all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2014 on our consideration of the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lumberton, North Carolina

October 27, 2014

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Fairmont, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Fairmont for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

### Financial Highlights

The assets of the Town of Fairmont exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$6,707,018.

The government's total net position decreased in the amount of \$239,295.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$268,958. Approximately 18.76% of this total amount, or \$50,453, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$50,453 or 2.63% of total General Fund expenditures.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also contains other supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Fairmont.

Figure 1 Management's Basic Discussion and Financial Analysis Statements Government-wide Fund Notes to the **Financial** Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Detail Summary

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

### **Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements.

There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statements, and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the Notes to Financial Statements. The notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, additional information is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the N.C. General Statutes can also be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to the private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities, 2) business-type activities, and 3) component units. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as general government, public safety, highways/streets, sanitation, economic development, culture and recreation, and debt service. Property taxes and State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. This includes the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Fairmont. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the Town, the ABC Board is important to the Town because the Town exercises control over the Board by appointing its members, and because the Board is required to distribute a portion of its profits to the Town.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Fairmont, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories, governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and monies that are unexpended at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Fairmont adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document.

### **Basic Financial Statements (continued)**

Governmental funds (continued). The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary funds.** The Town of Fairmont maintains one type of proprietary fund called an Enterprise Fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses the enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, which is considered a major fund of the Town.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-35 of this report.

**Supplementary information.** The combining statements, referred to earlier about non-major governmental funds and details of the enterprise fund, can be found on pages 37-50 of this report.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

### The Town of Fairmont's Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2014	Business-type Activities 2013	Totals 2014	Totals 2013
Current and other assets	\$484,975	\$596,786	\$203,939	\$191,070	\$688,914	\$787,856
Capital assets	1,015,341	1,148,409	8,731,576	8,530,759	9,746,917	9,679,168
Total assets	1,500,316	1,745,195	8,935,515	8,721,829	10,435,831	10,467,024
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	103,414 324,324	120,640 566,387	227,243 3,073,832	238,535 2,595,149	330,657 3,398,156	359,175 3,161,536
Total liabilities	427,738	687,027	3,301,075	2,833,684	3,728,813	3,520,711
Net position Net investment in						
capital assets	960,788	801,714	5,569,107	5,855,775	6,529,895	6,657,489
Restricted	218,505	262,616	-	-	218,505	262,616
Unrestricted	(106,715)	(6,162)	65,333	32,370	-41,382	26,208
Total net position	\$1,072,578	\$1,058,168	\$5,634,440	\$5,888,145	\$6,707,018	\$6,946,313

### Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities by \$6,707,018 at the close of the current fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Town's net position, 92.85%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted portion of net position, 3.26%, represents the Town's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$261,444 or 0.39% of the total.

Town	of Fairm	ont's Ch	anges in	Not Po	cition
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	Governmental Governmental Activities Activities 2014 2013		Business-type Activities 2014	Business-type Activities 2013	Totals 2014	Totals 2013	
Revenues:							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 246,295	\$ 247,873	\$ 1,152,525	\$ 1,089,926	\$ 1,398,820	\$ 1,337,799	
Operating grants and							
contributions	145,062	165,767	-	-	145,062	165,767	
Capital grants and							
contributions	٠	-	124,509	-	124,509	-	
General revenues					-	-	
Property taxes	777,221	736,582	-	-	777,221	736,582	
Other taxes	632,660	708,744	-	-	632,660	708,744	
Unrestricted revenues	28,008	11,281			28,008	11,281	
Other	48,034	22,746	65	14	48,099	22,760	
Total revenues	1,877,280	1,892,993	1,277,099	1,089,940	3,154,379	2,982,933	
Expenses:							
General Government	448,971	460,123	-	-	448,971	460,123	
Public Safety	981,103	1,035,786	-	-	981,103	1,035,786	
Transportation	277,643	282,035	-	-	277,643	282,035	
Environmental Protection	241,234	248,126	-	-	241,234	248,126	
Economic Development	161,750	102,080	-	-	161,750	102,080	
Interest on long-term debt	3,262	4,813	-		3,262	4,813	
Water and Sewer	-	-	1,279,711	1,290,102	1,279,711	1,290,102	
Total expenses	2,113,963	2,132,963	1,279,711	1,290,102	3,393,674	3,423,065	
Change in net position	(236,683)	(239,970)	(2,612)	(200,162)	(239,295)	(440,132)	
Net position - Beginning of year	1,058,168	1,298,138	5,888,145	6,088,307	6,946,313	7,386,445	
Prior period adjustment	251,093	-	(251,093)	-	•	-	
Net position - Beginning of year restated	1,309,261	-	5,637,052		6,946,313		
Net position - End of year	\$ 1,072,578	\$ 1,058,168	\$ 5,634,440	\$ 5,888,145	\$ 6,707,018	\$ 6,946,313	

Ad Valorem taxes were the largest revenue contributor with 41.40% of total revenues. Other taxes was the next largest at 33.70%.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis (continued)

Capital and operating grants for governmental activities furnished resources to support the five functions of the Town: general government, public safety, transportation, environmental protection, and economic and physical development.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$2,612. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- User fees were \$1,152,525
- High levels of depreciation expense associated with infrastructure enhancements of \$270,423
- Interest expense associated with bonds in the amount of \$121,469

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Fairmont uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$268,958 to include General and Capital Projects. Of this total amount, \$50,453 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that funds are not available for spending because these funds have already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior year, or 2) for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the Town of Fairmont. At the end of the fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$50,453 with a total fund balance of \$210,617. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 2.63% of total General Fund expenditures.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of Fairmont's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$65,333. Other factors concerning this fund have been discussed in the Town's business-type activities.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

- Amendments that adjust for the estimates that are prepared for the original budget ordinance, which reflect
- Amendments that recognize new funding from external sources, such as federal and State grants.
- Amendments that appropriate increases that becomes necessary to maintain services and obligations from prior years not completed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)
June 30, 2014

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital Assets

The Town of Fairmont's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014, totals \$9,746,917 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investments in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, furniture and equipment, infrastructure (including distribution systems), and vehicles.

### Town of Fairmont's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2014	Business-type Activities 2013	Totals 2014	Totals 2013
Land	\$161,046	\$161,046	\$7,091	\$7,091	\$168,137	\$168,137
Buildings & infrastructure	2,153,601	2,153,601	12,755	12,755	2,166,356	2,166,356
Equipment	658,817	650,244	608,393	608,393	1,267,210	1,258,637
Vehicles	952,231	952,231	•	-	952,231	952,231
Construction in progress	-	-	471,240	-	471,240	<u></u>
Water & Sewer infrastructure	-	-	13,073,104	13,073,104	13,073,104	13,073,104
Total depreciable assets	3,764,649	3,756,076	14,165,492	13,694,252	17,930,141	17,450,328
Less - Accumulated dep.	2,910,354	2,768,713	5,441,007	5,170,584	8,351,361	7,939,297
Total depreciable assets, net	854,295	987,363	8,724,485	8,523,668	9,578,780	9,511,031
Total capital assets, net	\$1,015,341	\$1,148,409	\$8,731,576	\$8,530,759	\$9,746,917	\$9,679,168

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes on page 26 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Fairmont had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,933,000.

### Town of Fairmont's Outstanding Debt Water Serial & USDA Bonds

	Go	vernment	al	G	Governmental		Е	Business-type	E	usiness-type			
	Activities 2014			Activities 2013		Activities 2014		Activities 2013		Totals 2014		Totals 2013	
Water Serial & USDA Bonds	\$		-	\$	-		\$	2,933,000	\$	2,604,500	\$ 2,933,000	\$	2,604,500
Total outstanding debt	\$			\$	-		\$	2,933,000	\$	2,604,500	\$ 2,933,000	\$	2,604,500

North Carolina's general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a governmental unit can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Fairmont is presently at \$5,089,959 (the amount of additional debt the town could obligate itself to under NC General Statute).

Additional information pertaining to the Town of Fairmont's long-term debt can be found in the notes on page 32 of this report.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

• The unemployment rate for the Town and surrounding area is 9.3% at June 30, 2014, which is a decrease from a rate of 13.0% a year ago. This comparison is higher than the state's rate of 6.4% and the national rate of 6.1%.

### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Fairmont's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 421 South Main Street, Fairmont NC 28340.

### Section II.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

		Pr	imary	Governme	nt		Component Unit
	***************************************			usiness			One
	Gov	ernmental/		Туре			ABC
		ctivities	A	ctivities		Total	Board
<u>ASSETS</u>		······································		-	***************************************		
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,359	\$	85,450	\$	143,809	\$ 124,640
Taxes receivable - net		208,111		-		208,111	-
Accounts receivable - net		39,064		83,524		122,588	-
Due from other governments		80,728		-		80,728	•
Inventories		-		32,348		32,348	64,426
Prepaid items		9,612		2,617		12,229	2,226
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		89,101		-		89,101	35,876
Total current assets		484,975	***********	203,939		688,914	227,168
Non-current assets:							
Capital assets;							
Land		161,046		7,091		168,137	26,500
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	***************************************	854,295		8,724,485		9,578,780	96
Total capital assets	*****	1,015,341	***************************************	8,731,576		9,746,917	26,596
Total assets		1,500,316		8,935,515		10,435,831	253,764
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		7,906		20,161		28,067	76,539
Current portion of long-term debt		33,055		88,637		121,692	•
Deposits		-		88,715		88,715	-
Compensated absences		62,453		29,730		92,183	-
Total current liabilities		103,414		227,243	************	330,657	76,539
Long-term liabilities:							
Non-current portion of long-term debt	***************************************	324,324	-	3,073,832		3,398,156	**
Total liabilities		427,738		3,301,075		3,728,813	76,539
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		960,788		5,569,107		6,529,895	26,596
Restricted for:							·
Stabilization by State Statute		129,404		-		129,404	-
Other functions		89,101		-		89,101	17,514
Unrestricted	***************************************	(106,715)		65,333	<del></del>	(41,382)	133,115
Total net position	\$	1,072,578		5,634,440		6,707,018	\$ 177,225

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 Statement of Activities

Program Revenues

Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position

		4	A CET MIN AND CHINE					Component
			Capital	Operating	Ą	Primary Government	nt	Unit
Runofions/Programs	Exnenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	ABC Board
r unchonst rogi and Primary Government								
Governmental activities:						6		6
General Government	\$ 448,971	\$ 3,998	ı 5-9	\$ 42,941	\$ (402,032)	ı <del>A</del>	(402,032)	ı :
Public Safety	981,103	ı		, 0	(901,105)	1	(301,105)	•
Transportation	277,643	1	•	90,899	(186,/44)	1	(100,744)	1
Environmental Protection	241,234	242,297	ī	1	1,063	1	1,063	1
Economic and Community Dev.	161,750	ı	ı	11,222	(150,528)	1	(150,528)	1
Interest on long-term debt	3,262	ı	•	1	(3,262)	1	(3,262)	1
Total governmental activities	2,113,963	246,295	=	145,062	(1,722,606)		(1,722,606)	
Business-tone activities.								
Water and Sewer	1,279,711	1,152,525	124,509	1	\$	(2,677)	(2,677)	ī
Total business-type activities	1,279,711	1,152,525	124,509	3	*	(2,677)	(2,677)	1
Total primary government	\$ 3,393,674	\$ 1,398,820	\$ 124,509	\$ 145,062	(1,722,606)	(2,677)	(1,725,283)	1
Component unit	585 811	588 971	1		,		1	3,110
Fairmont ABC Board Total component unit	\$ 585,811	\$ 588,921	8	-		m m	1	3,110
		General reveni	nes:		100 100		100 111	•
		Ad Valorem t	taxes		177,111	3	177,111	ı
			id licenses		032,000	•	032,000	1
		Unrestricted i	intergovernmental revenues	revenues	28,008	,	28,008	171
		Investment earnings	rnings		36	60	101	141
		Other revenue (expense)	(exbense)		47,998	ŧ	47,998	1
		Transfers in (	(ont)			**	*	1
		Total gen	Total general revenues and transfers	l transfers	1,485,923	65	1,485,988	141
		Change in	Change in net position		(236,683)	(2,612)	(239,295)	3,251
		Net position - I	Net position - Beginning of year		1,058,168	2,888,143	0,740,513	1/2,2/4
		Prior period adjustment	adjustment		250,035	(201,093)	5 046 212	173 077
		Net position - I	Beginning of year restated	restated	1,509,201	\$ 5,634,440	\$ 6.707.018	\$ 177.225
		Net positi	Net position - End of year		0/6/2/01	11	11	

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

			Gove	Other ernmental		Total ernmental
ASSETS		eneral	<u>k</u>	Gunds		Funds
		50.050	•		Φ.	50.250
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	58,359	\$	50.241	\$	58,359
Restricted cash		30,760		58,341		89,101
Taxes receivable - net		208,111		-		208,111
Due from other governments		80,728		•		80,728
Prepaid assets		9,612		-		9,612 39,064
Accounts receivable - net  Total assets		39,064 426,634		58,341		484,975
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			2			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		7,906		-		7,906
Total liabilities		7,906		-		7,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property taxes receivable		208,111		-		208,111
Total deferred inflows of resources		208,111		-		208,111
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						100 101
Stabilization by State Statute		129,404		•		129,404
Streets		29,852		-		29,852
Public Safety		908				908
Economic Development		- - 453		58,341		58,341
Unassigned  Total fund balances		50,453		58,341		50,453 268,958
i otai fund dalances		210,617		38,341		200,930
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	_					,
and fund balances		426,634	\$	58,341		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the staten	nent of	f net position				
are different because:						
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds						268,958
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fin	nancial	1				
resources and therefore not reported in the funds.						
Gross capital assets at historical cost			\$	3,925,695		
Accumulated depreciation			(	2,910,354)		1,015,341
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred						200 111
inflows of resources in fund statements						208,111
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are and therefore are not reported in the funds	not fi	nancial uses				
and mercials are necessary and an are						
Other post employment benefit ARC after adjustmen	its					(302,826)
Gross long-term debt			\$	(95,602)		
Long-term debt included as net position below						
(includes the addition of long-term debt and principa	1					
payments during the year.)				41,049		(54,553)
Comparented absorption not expected to be materially. It.	anidat.	ad with arms	dobla			
Compensated absences not expected to be materially lie available resources	quidate	a wiin expei	iuaoie			(62,453)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	1,072,578

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	<u>G</u>	eneral	Gove	Other ernmental Eunds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues							
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	767,582	\$	<u></u>	\$	767,582	
Other taxes and licenses		632,660				632,660	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues		28,008		_		28,008	
Restricted intergovernmental revenues		137,838		11,222		149,060	
Other general revenue		47,998		-		47,998	
Sales and services		242,297		-		242,297	
Interest earned on investments		2_		34		36	
Total revenues		1,856,385		11,256	•	1,867,641	
Expenditures							
General Government		379,568		-		379,568	
Public Safety		865,861		-		865,861	
Transportation		272,583		-		272,583	
Environmental Protection		240,845		-		240,845	
Economic and Physical Development		113,546		48,204		161,750	
Debt service	*			•		•	
Principal repayment		41,049		-		41,049	
Interest		3,262		-		3,262	
Total expenditures		1,916,714		48,204		1,964,918	
Revenue over (under) expenditures	Accessed to the second	(60,329)	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>	(36,948)		(97,277)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfer in		-		-			
Loan proceeds		-		-		-	
Fund balance appropriated	beautiful de la constitución de	A		_	***************************************	•	
Net change in fund balances		(60,329)		(36,948)		(97,277)	
Fund balance - Beginning of year		270,946	***************************************	95,289		366,235	
Fund balance - End of year		210,617	\$	58,341		268,958	

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (97,277)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as			
expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the			
cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated			
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is			
the amount by which capital outlays exceeded			
depreciation in the current period			
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$	8,574	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	Ψ	(141,642)	(133,068)
Depression expense for governmental assets		(141,042)	(155,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues			
in the funds.			
Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues			9,639
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial			
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of			
the principal of long-term debt consumes the current			
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither			
transaction has an effect on net position. Also,			
governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first			
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and			
amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is			
the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-			
term debt and related items.			
New long-term debt issued		_	
Principal payments on long-term debt		41,049	41,049
1 1 7			,
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do			
not require the use of current financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences		(14,941)	
Net pension obligation		(42,085)	 (57,026)
Total change in net position of governmental activities			\$ (236,683)

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Final				Variance Favorable		
Revenues		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Ad Valorem taxes	\$	775,080	\$	766,834	\$	767,582	\$	748
Other taxes and licenses	Φ	644,500	Φ	632,624	Φ	632,660	Ф	36
Unrestricted intergovernmental		044,500		032,024		052,000		50
revenues		27,750		28,006		28,008		2
Restricted intergovernmental		21,130		20,000		20,000		2
revenues		137,095		137,835		137,838		3
Other general revenue		67,200		47,241		47,998		757
Sales and services		249,059		241,788		242,297		509
Interest earned on investments		1		1		2		1
Total revenues		1,900,685	***************************************	1,854,329		1,856,385		2,056
Expenditures					*			
General Government		366,255		380,479		379,568		911
Public Safety		861,086		866,415		865,861		554
Transportation		263,379		275,139		272,583		2,556
Environmental Protection		242,000		240,975		240,845		130
Economic and Physical Dev.		123,587		113,552		113,546		6
Debt service		•		•		•		
Principal repayment		44,378		44,377		41,049		3,328
Interest		-		-		3,262		(3,262)
Total expenditures		1,900,685		1,920,937		1,916,714		4,157
Revenue under expenditures		-	4	(66,608)		(60,329)	<b>basis</b>	6,279
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Loan proceeds		-		-		-		-
Fund balance appropriated		-		66,608		***		(56,800)
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	<b>********</b>	**		66,608				(56,800)
Net change in fund balances		, -		-		(60,329)	\$	(50,521)
Fund balance - Beginning of year						270,946		
Fund balance - End of year					\$	210,617		

### Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund
	Water and
<u>ASSETS</u>	Sewer Fund
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,450
Accounts receivable - Net	83,524
Prepaid assets	2,617
Due from other governments	-
Inventories	32,348
Total current assets	203,939
Non-current assets	
Land	7,091
Depreciable assets - net	8,724,485
Total non-current assets	8,731,576
Total assets	8,935,515
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	•
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	20,161
Current portion of long-term debt	88,637
Due to General Fund	<del>-</del>
Meter Deposits	88,715
Total current liabilities	197,513
Non-current liabilities	
Compensated absences	29,730
Non-current portion of long-term debt	3,073,832
Total non-current liabilities	3,103,562
Total liabilities	3,301,075
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,569,107
Net position - Unrestricted	65,333
Total net position	\$ 5,634,440

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund Water and
	Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	m 1 150 505
Charges for services	\$ 1,152,525
Other operating revenue	1 150 505
Total operating revenues	1,152,525
Operating expenses	
Administration	200,508
Operations - Water treatment	136,862
Operations - Water maintenance	91,184
Operations - Sewer treatment	282,794
Operations - Sewer maintenance	93,590
Operations - Sewer contract operations and maintenance	32,789
Non-departmental	50,092
Depreciation	270,423
Total operating expenses	1,158,242
Operating income (loss)	(5,717)
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	
Interest expense	(121,469)
Interest earned on investments	65_
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	(121,404)
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	(127,121)
Transfers	
Transfers in (out)	-
Capital contributions and grants	124,509
Total transfers	124,509
Change in net position	(2,612)
Total net position - Beginning of year	5,888,145
Prior period adjustment	(251,093)
Total net position - Beginning of year restated	5,637,052
Total net position - End of year	\$ 5,634,440

### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	E	Interprise
		Fund Vater and
		ewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities		wei Fund
Cash received from customers	\$	1,151,327
Cash paid for goods and services		(540,847)
Cash paid to employees		(323,572)
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits		(382)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	***************************************	286,526
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Transfers to other funds		_
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital		_
financing activities	***************************************	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of assets		(471,240)
Capital contributions and grants		124,509
USDA Revenue Bonds		385,000
Repayment of revenue bond principal during the year		(6,000)
Payment of debt-related interest - all		(121,469)
Debt principal repayment		(142,608)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and		(1,2,000)
related financing activities		(231,808)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest on investments		65
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		65
Net increase (decrease) in cash	***************************************	
The merease (decrease) in cash		54,783
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year		30,667
Cash and cash equivalents - End of year	\$	85,450
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activi	ties:	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(5 717)
	Φ	(5,717)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities - Depreciation		
Change in assets and liabilities:		270,423
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		
(Increase) decrease in inventory		43,382
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		1,149
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(2,617)
Increase (decrease) in meter deposits		(19,712)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(382)
Total adjustments		292,243
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	286,526
		200,020

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

### A - Reporting Entity

The Town of Fairmont is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

#### Town of Fairmont ABC Board

The Town appoints the members of the ABC Board's governing board. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a Proprietary Fund. Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at Town of Fairmont ABC Board, c/o Town of Fairmont, Post Office Box 248, Fairmont, North Carolina 28340.

#### B - Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – government and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from the exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major Governmental funds:

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### B - Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are Ad Valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. Primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following non-major Governmental funds

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Town maintains four Special Revenue Funds -- the Community Development Block Grant Fund, the Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund, the Cemetery Fund, and the Parks and Recreation Fund.

Proprietary Funds include the following fund type:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise Funds account for those operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town of Fairmont has one Enterprise Fund, the Water and Sewer Fund.

### C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad Valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### C - Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources. Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenue and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenue that is unearned at year-end is recorded as deferred revenue.

Proprietary Funds are presented in the financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when earned and expenses are recognized in the period they are incurred. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued before November 30, 1989, in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

### D - Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund up to \$2,500; however, the governing board must approve any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund or exceed \$2,500. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material.

A budget calendar is included in the North Carolina General Statutes that prescribes the last day on which certain steps of that budget procedure are to be performed. The following schedule lists the tasks to be performed and the date by which each is required to be completed.

April 30 - Each department head will transmit to the budget officer the budget requests and the revenue estimates for their department for the budget year.

June 1 - The budget and the budget message shall be submitted to the governing board. The public hearing on the budget shall be scheduled at this time.

June 30 - The governing board shall adopt the budget ordinance.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

### Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and banker's acceptances and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The Town of Fairmont and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. Non-participating interest earnings and investment contracts are reported at cost.

In accordance with State law, the Town of Fairmont has invested in securities that are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

### Restricted Assets

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because it can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Restricted cash at June 30, 2014 in the Governmental Activities was \$89,101.

### Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenue is reported net of such discounts.

### Inventory

The inventories of the Town and the ABC Board are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

The inventories of the Town's Enterprise Funds and those of the Town of Fairmont ABC Board consist of materials and supplies held for consumption. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain threshold and an estimated life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2004, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated on a class life basis at the following rates:

Buildings		2%
Improvements	1	0%
Equipment and vehicles	1	7%

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Useful Life_
Buildings	25 years
Furniture and equipment	10 years

### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has no items that meet these criteria. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has only one item that meet the criteria for this category – property taxes receivable.

### Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E - Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (continued)

### Compensated Absences

The vacation policies of the Town and the ABC Board provide for the accumulation of up to thirty days of earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds and the ABC Board, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned – when material. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time.

Both the Town and the ABC Board's sick leave policies provide for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since neither the Town nor the ABC Board has any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

### Net Position / Fund Balances

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State statute.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statue - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Public Safety - portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue from asset forfeiture funds.

Assigned fund balance - portion of fund balance that the Town of Fairmont intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Fairmont has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### A - Significant violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

1. Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

There are no instances of noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes.

B-Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

There are none noted.

### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A - Assets

### **Deposits**

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town and ABC Board have no policy regarding custodial risk for deposits.

### **Deposits**

At June 30, 2014, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$232,910, and a bank balance of \$240,469. Federal Deposit Insurance covered the bank balance of the Town. (Petty cash amounted to \$850.)

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$124,640, and the bank balance was \$126,749. Federal Deposit Insurance covered all of the bank balance.

### Investments

At June 30, 2014, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

	Fa	ir Value	Maturity	Rating
North Carolina Capital Management Trust				
Cash Portfolio	\$	32,340	N/A	 AAAm

Interest Rate Risk. The Town has no policy regarding interest rate risk.

### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

### A - Assets (continued)

### Investments (continued)

Credit Risk. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2014.

Custodial Credit Risk. The Town has no policy on custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Town places no limit on the amount that the Town may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$32,340 invested with the NC Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

### Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Governmental activities -	В	eginning						Ending
Capital assets	I	Balances		Increases		eases	Balances	
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	161,046	\$	-	\$	•	\$	161,046
Buildings and infrastructure		2,153,601		-		-		2,153,601
Equipment		650,243		8,574		-		658,817
Vehicles/motorized equipment		952,231		-		<b>-</b>		952,231
Total capital assets	\$	3,917,121	\$	8,574	\$		\$	3,925,695
Less -								
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings and infrastructure	\$	1,601,485	\$	18,694	\$	-	\$	1,620,179
Equipment		523,845		36,139		-		559,984
Vehicles/motorized equipment		643,382		86,809		-		730,191
Total accumulated depreciation		2,768,712	\$	141,642	\$	_		2,910,354
Governmental activities -			**********					
Capital assets - Net	_\$	1,148,409					\$	1,015,341

### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

### A - Assets (continued)

### Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 12,377
Public Safety	123,816
Transportation	5,060
Environmental Protection	389
Total depreciation expense	\$ 141,642

Business-type activities -									
Water and Sewer Fund -	Beginning						Ending		
Capital assets		Balances	Increases		Decre	eases	Balances		
Land (non-depreciable)	\$	7,091	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,091	
Public works building		12,755		-		-		12,755	
Water and sewer system		13,073,104		-		-		13,073,104	
Equipment		608,393		-		-		608,393	
Construction in progress				471,240		_		471,240	
Total capital assets	\$	13,701,343	\$	471,240	\$		\$	14,172,583	
2011. 04.01.45.05.5		10,701,010						1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0	
Less -									
Accumulated depreciation									
Public works building	\$	12,439	\$	319	\$	-	\$	12,758	
Water and sewer system		4,649,248		243,923		-		4,893,171	
Equipment		508,897		26,181				535,078	
Total accumulated depreciation		5,170,584	\$	270,423	\$	_		5,441,007	
Business-type activities									
Capital assets - Net	\$	8,530,759					\$	8,731,576	

The following is a summary of Proprietary Fund type fixed assets for the ABC Board at June 30, 2014:

Land	\$ 26,500
Buildings and equipment	176,192
	202,692
Less - Accumulated depreciation	(176,096)
Total ABC fixed assets	\$ 26,596

See Independent Auditor's Report.

### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### B - Liabilities

### Pension Plan Obligations

### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Fairmont contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rates for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers are 6.41% and 6.52%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Fairmont are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$59,849, \$59,741, and \$60,252, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

The ABC Board provides a pension plan for all eligible employees by funding a SEP retirement plan with Prudential-Bache. The cost is 11.52% of the employee's annual salary. Contributions to the pension plan for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$5,439, \$5,443, and \$6,038, respectively.

#### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town of Fairmont administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increase in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

The Separation Allowance covers all full-time law enforcement officers of the Town. At December 31, 2013, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	12
Total	12

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Method Used to Value Instruments. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### B – Liabilities (continued)

Pension Plan Obligations (continued)

#### Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. There were no contributions made by employees.

Since no formal plan exists at this time, actuarial information is unavailable.

#### Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of the State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The annual pension cost for the Town is immaterial.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014, were \$41,787, which consisted of \$23,646 from the Town and \$18,141 from the law enforcement officers.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of property taxes receivable of \$208,111.

#### Other Postemployment Benefit

According to a Town resolution, the Town provides post-employment health care benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least five years of creditable service with the Town. In addition, the Town pays the full cost of these benefits with a minimum of twenty years of creditable service with the Town. Retirees who do not meet the aforementioned criteria have the option to purchase coverage themselves and their dependents through the Town for eighteen months. The entire cost of this insurance is borne by the retirees. The Town maintains health care coverage though private insurers. Currently, 4 retirees participate in the post retirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Town made payments for post-retirement health benefit premiums of \$38,066.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	3	1
Terminated plan members entitled to, but not		
yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members	17	12
Total	20	13

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#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### B - Liabilities (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit (continued)

Funding policy: The Town pays 100% of the cost of the coverage for the health care benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town resolution that can be amended by the Town Council. The Town's retirees pay the current active employee rate for dependent coverage, if the retiree elects to purchase the coverage. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The current ARC rate is 8.27% of annual covered payroll. For the current year the Town contributed \$38,066 or 4.08% of annual covered payroll. The Town purchases insurance from a private carrier for health care coverage. There were no contributions made by the employees except for dependent coverage. The Town's obligation to contribute to the Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table show the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Town's net OBEP obligation for the health care benefits:

		ernmental ctivities
Annual required contribution	\$	77,069
Interest on net OPEB obligation		3,082
Adjustments to annual required	****	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	80,151
Contributions made		(38,066)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB		42,085
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year		260,741
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	302,826

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 were as follows:

Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contrib.	Obligation
2014	\$80,151	47.49%	\$42,085
2013	103,817	20.54%	82,488
2012	93,279	29.99%	65,305

Fund Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$736,990. The covered payroll (annual payroll) of active employees covered by the plan was \$932,110 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 79.0%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefit.

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### B - Liabilities (continued)

#### Other Postemployment Benefit (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 10.50 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014, was 27 years.

As of December 31, 2013, management has not decided on the finding options for this outstanding obligation; therefore, OPEB will continue to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis going into the next fiscal year. Management will continue their efforts to find a way to fund the annual required contribution while maintaining the level of service prioritized by the Town Council.

#### Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multi-employer, State-administered, cost sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits, Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employees death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of the contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

#### Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the finance officer and tax collector are individually bonded for \$50,000 and \$10,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to cash are covered under a blanket insurance policy.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### Risk Management (continued)

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town does not carry flood insurance for the simple fact none of its buildings are located in a designated flood area. The Fairmont ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, and employee health coverage. The ABC Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Long-Term Obligations

On September 12, 2008, the town arranged with BB&T governmental finance to fund a drainage project. The town borrowed \$120,000 to be repaid in monthly installments of \$1,843 including interest at 3.37% from Powell Bill funds. See below for further description.

Years ending June 30:	Total		Total		P	rincipal	Int	erest
2015	\$	12,587	\$	12,480	\$	107		
Total	\$	12,587	\$	12,480	\$	107		

On October 30, 2006 the town entered in to a Financing Agreement with a bank to purchase a flusher truck for \$233,987 plus interest. The payments began on December 30, 2006, and will be made monthly thereafter for the next nine years, ending October 30, 2015. Future payments will be made from the water/sewer fund. See next page for flusher loan repayment schedule.

On September 2, 2006 the town entered into a loan of \$86,350 from the USDA for a used fire truck. Payments are made annually in the amount of \$11,880, including interest at the rate of 4.5% for the next nine years.

Years ending June 30:	Total	Principal_	Interest
2015	\$ 11,880	\$ 10,878	\$ 1,002
2016	11,880	11,369	511_
Total	\$ 23,760	\$ 22,247	\$ 1,513

During the 2010-2011 year, the town borrowed \$46,500 from the USDA pertaining to a vehicle purchase, payable in five annual installments of \$10,373, including interest at the rate of 3.75%.

Years ending June 30:	Total	Principal	Interest
2015	\$ 10,373	\$ 9,697	\$ 676
2016	10,373	10,129	244
Total	\$ 20,746	\$ 19,826	\$ 920

Summary of activity	Beginning Balances	Increase (Decrease)	Ending Balance	Current Portion
BB&T bank loan	\$ 33,837	\$ (21,357)	\$ 12,480	\$ 12,480
USDA loan	32,657	(10,410)	22,247	10,878
New USDA Loan	29,108	(9,282)	19,826	9,697
	\$ 95,602	\$ (41,049)	\$ 54,553	\$ 33,055
OPEB	\$ 260,741	\$ 42,085	\$ 302,826	<u>\$</u>
Compensated absences	\$ 47,512	\$ 14,941	\$ 62,453	\$ 62,453

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

#### General Obligation Indebtedness

General obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. The general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

Bonds payable at June 30, 2014, are comprised of the following issues:

#### General Obligation Bonds - Serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund

\$1,250,000 - 2002A Water Serial Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$14,000 to \$56,000, beginning in 2004 through 2041; interest at 4.5%	\$ 1,065,000
\$1,750,000 - 2002B Water Serial Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$19,000 to \$76,000, beginning in 2004 through 2041; interest at 4.5%	1,489,000
\$385,000 – 2014 Water Serial Bonds due in various annual installments through 2053; interest at 2.25%	 379,000
Total	\$ 2,933,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, including interest of \$2,068,873 on the Water and Sewer bonds, are as follows:

#### 2002A & 2002B Bonds

Years ending June 30:	Total	Total Principal	
2015	\$ 166,930	\$ 52,000	\$ 114,930
2016	167,590	55,000	112,590
2017	167,615	57,500	110,115
2018	167,528	60,000	107,528
2019	167,327	62,500	104,827
2020-2024	834,975	353,500	481,475
2025-2029	837,059	443,500	393,559
2030-2034	834,601	552,000	282,601
2035-2039	803,050	654,000	149,050
2040-2041	281,820	264,000	17,820
Total	<u>\$4,428,495</u>	\$2,554,000	\$1,874,495

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

#### 2014 Bonds

Years ending June 30:	Total	Total Principal	
2015	\$ 14,528	\$ 6,000	\$ 8,528
2016	14,393	6,000	8,393
2017	14,258	6,000	8,258
2018	15,123	7,000	8,123
2019	14,965	7,000	7,965
2020-2024	73,463	36,000	37,463
2025-2029	73,188	40,000	33,188
2030-2034	73,463	45,000	28,463
2035-2039	74,175	51,000	23,175
2040-2044	74,190	57,000	17,190
2045-2049	73,508	63,000	10,508
2050-2053	58,124	55,000	3,124
Total	¢ 572 270	e 270.000	£ 104279
rotai	\$ 573,378	\$ 379,000	\$ 194,378

Bank loan associated with flusher is described in detail, below:

Years ending June 30:	Total		Principal		Interest	
2015	\$	31,820	\$	30,637	\$	1,183
2016		10,607		10,512	••••	95
Total	_\$_	42,427	\$	41,149	_\$	1,278

The Town is repaying a grant from the NC Department of Commerce. The Town will make four annual payments of \$62,773, non-interest bearing.

Years ending June 30:	Total		Total Principal		Interest	
2015	\$	62,773	\$	62,773	\$	-
2016		62,773		62,773		-
2017		62,774		62,774		-
Total	\$	188,320	\$	188,320	\$	-

At June 30, 2014, the Town of Fairmont had a legal debt margin (computed as 8% of assessed property valuations after senior exemptions less any outstanding structured debt) of \$5,089,959.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
June 30, 2014

#### NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

#### Changes in Water and Sewer Fund Long-Term Liabilities

Summary of activity	Beginning Balances	Increase (Decrease)	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Bank loan	\$ 70,484	\$ (29,335)	\$ 41,149	\$ 30,637
2002 Bonds 2014 Bonds	2,604,500 -	(50,500) 379,000	2,554,000 379,000	52,000 6,000
NC Department of Commerce	251,093	(62,773)	188,320	-
	\$ 2,926,077	\$ 236,392	\$3,162,469	\$ 88,637
Compensated absences	\$ 29,730	\$	\$ 29,730	\$ 29,730

#### **NOTE 4 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

The mayor of the Town of Fairmont appoints the three-member board of the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority. The Town is accountable for the Housing Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the Town is not financially accountable for the Housing Authority. The Town of Fairmont is also disclosed as a related organization in the notes to the financial statements for the Town of Fairmont Housing Authority.

#### NOTE 5 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

#### Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

#### NOTE 6 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Prior Period Adjustment was associated with a rare grant repayment due to a non-performance issue. Two years ago, after year-end but before report issuance, the aforementioned repayment issue satisfied the critera to book a contingent liability, i.e., the amount was known and likeliehood of repayment, high. The liability was booked in the Statement of Net Position under Governmental Activities to expedite the matter. This year, both the Town and LGC agreed, that since the original grant was related to Water and Sewer infrastructure, the liability should be moved to the Business-type activities section of the Statement of Net Position. Indeed, the Town realized this when it budgeted repayment in the Water and Sewer Fund. Therefore, beginning Water and Sewer debt, reflected in the footnotes herein, has been retroactively increased and the debt related to Governmental Activities has been reduced. Overall net position of the Town remained unchanged.

#### NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCE

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$ 210,617
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	129,404
Streets-Powell Bill	29,852
Public Safety	908
Remaining Fund Balance	50,453

#### NOTE 8 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 27, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Section III.

## Required Supplementary Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post Employment Benefits.

Schedule of Employer Contributions for Other Post Employment Benefits.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Required Supplementary Information

## **Schedule of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL	)			UAAL as a % of
Actuarial	Value of	Projected	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c))
06/30/14	-	736,990	736,990	0.00%	932,110	79.00%
06/30/13	-	854,520	854,520	0.00%	1,017,309	84.00%
06/30/12	-	807,048	807,048	0.00%	965,105	84.00%
06/30/11	-	732,398	732,398	0.00%	908,967	81.00%
06/30/10	-	625,844	625,844	0.00%	920,032	68.00%

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2014	80,151	47.49%
2013	103,817	20.54%
2012	93,279	29.99%
2011	90,361	29.25%
2010	78,773	37.77%

## Section IV.

**Individual Fund Statements and Schedules Section:** 

## General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

## **Budget and Actual**

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		riginal Sudget	Final Sudget	Actual	Varian Favora (Unfavor	ble
Revenues	***************************************		 	 	(0	
Ad Valorem taxes						
Current year				\$ 663,123		
Prior years				85,250		
Tax discounts				(9,193)		
Tax penalties				28,402		
Foreclosure fees				 _		
Total Ad Valorem taxes		775,080	 766,834	 767,582		748
Other taxes and licenses						
Utility franchise tax				116,404		
Local sales tax				486,783		
Privilege and gaming license				12,330		
Cable tax revenue and franchise fees				16,218		
Zoning permits				925		
Total other taxes and licenses	*************	644,500	 632,624	 632,660		36
<b>Unrestricted intergovernmental</b>						
Beer and wine tax				11,557		•
ABC profit distribution				16,451		
Total unrestricted						
intergovernmental	***************************************	27,750	 28,006	 28,008		2
Restricted intergovernmental						
Powell Bill allocation				90,899		
Court fees				3,998		
Grants			 	 42,941		
Total restricted						
intergovernmental		137,095	 137,835	 137,838		3
Other general revenue						
Lot cutting				1,000		
Fire inspections				838		
Park and recreation fees				2,980		
Miscellaneous				24,689		
Sale of fixed assets				1,226		
Net equipment and building rental	******		 	 17,265		
Total other general revenue		67,200	\$ 47,241	\$ 47,998	\$	757

#### General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues (continued)				
Miscellaneous revenue				
Sales and service - Sanitation fees	\$	\$	\$ 242,297	\$
Investment earnings	***************************************		2	
Total miscellaneous revenue	249,060	241,789	242,299	510
Total revenues	1,900,685	1,854,329	1,856,385	2,056
Expenditures				
General Government-				
Governing body				
Salaries and employee benefits			12,055	
Departmental supplies			123	
Postage			188	
Auto			2,150	
Dues and subscriptions			295	
Total governing body	13,010	14,816	14,811	5
Administration				
Salaries and employee benefits			72,379	
Postage	•		388	
Auto			2,400	
Departmental supplies			189	
Dues and subscriptions	***************************************	***************************************	50	
Total administration	75,788	75,411	75,406	5
Clerk				
Salaries and employee benefits			53,631	
Training			310	
Postage			196	
Departmental supplies			2,862	
Dues and subscriptions	***************************************		210	
Total clerk	55,811	54,826	57,209	(2,383)
Elections - supplies	3,500	2,395	-	2,395
Finance				
Salaries and employee benefits			23,011	
Professional services			13,400	
Training			-	
Postage			588	
Maintenance and repairs /rental			3,724	
Advertising			1,658	
Departmental supplies			1,507	
Dues and subscriptions	#*************************************	•	***	
Total finance	\$ 48,096	\$ 43,936	\$ 43,888	\$ 48

#### **General Fund**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

## **Budget and Actual (continued)**

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Original Budget		Final Budget	1	Actual	Favo	iance orable vorable)
Expenditures (continued)	***************************************				***************************************		***************************************	······································
General Government (continued)								
Tax listing								
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$		\$	20,805	\$	
Robeson County collections fee						18,903		
Training						-		
Postage						326		
Maintenance and repairs - Equipment						-		
Advertising						<del></del>		
Departmental supplies						266		
Total tax listing		40,902	***************************************	40,313		40,300		13
Legal								
Professional services		14,500		11,500		10,926	***************************************	574
Planning								
Professional services						2,571		
Postage						46		
Noise abatement						460		
Total planning		5,700		3,077		3,077		-
Public building								
Salaries and employee benefits						46,680		
Telephone						17,718		
Utilities						24,946		
Maintenance and repairs - Buildings						35,745		
Uniforms						566		
Departmental supplies						8,296		
Total public building		108,948		134,205		-133,951		254
Total General Government		366,255		380,479		379,568	\$	911

## General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

## Budget and Actual (continued)

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	riginal Judget	Final Budget	Actual	Favo	iance orable vorable)
Expenditures (continued)	 <u> </u>	 	 ·········		
Public Safety					
Police department					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ 634,994	\$	
Robeson County communications			39,870		
Training			1,862		
Postage			7,242		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment			15,345		
Maintenance agreements			18,415		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles			7,275		
Equipment rental			3,259		
Auto supplies			39,207		
Departmental supplies			12,106		
Uniforms			9,690		
Medical exams			1,189		
Dues and subscriptions			225		
Capital outlay			8,574		
Grant-related expenditures		 	 9,254		
Total police department	810,547	 808,634	 808,507		127
Fire department	•	•		•	
Salaries and employee benefits			24,931		
Training			130		
Postage			442		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment			8,323		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles			15,108		
Auto supplies			4,982		
Departmental supplies			2,278		
Uniforms			260		
Grant related expenditures			-		
Dues			900		
Total fire department	50,539	 57,781	 57,354		427
Total Public Safety	 861,086	 866,415	 865,861		554
Transportation Powell Bill Salaries and employee benefits			47,086		
Repairs and maintenance		 	 30,784		······································
Total Powell Bill	 67,595	 80,074	 77,870	\$	2,204

## General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		riginal udget		Final Budget		Actual	Fav	riance orable vorable)
Expenditures (continued)			***************************************		***************************************			
Transportation (continued)								
Garage								
Salaries and employee benefits	\$		\$		\$	46,157	\$	
Uniforms						406		
Total garage		46,597		46,586		46,563		23
Streets								
Salaries and employee benefits						25,636		
Utilities						71,209		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment						10,726		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles						6,149		
Auto supplies						15,480		
Departmental supplies						12,482		
Uniforms						558		
Training						37		
Mosquito spraying						5,873		
Total streets		149,187		148,479		148,150		329
Total Transportation		263,379		275,139		272,583		2,556
Environmental Protection								
Sanitation								
Maintenance and repairs - equipment						2,695		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles						1,572		
Auto supplies						5,307		
Departmental supplies						807		
Contracted services						230,464		
<b>Total Environmental Protection</b>		242,000		240,975		240,845		130
<b>Economic and Community Development</b>								
Community service								
Salaries and employee benefits						12,899		
Maintenance and repairs						233		
Departmental supplies						4		
Dues and subscriptions						4,107		
Insurance						73,629		
Activities						2,973		
Grant-related expenditures						3,000		
Miscellaneous						16,701		
Capital outlay						-		
Total Economic and Community	•	100 505	•	110 550	Φ.	110 546	æ	
Development	\$	123,587		113,552		113,546		6

#### General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

## Budget and Actual (continued)

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)				
Debt Service				
Principal repayment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,049	\$ -
Interest			3,262	-
Total debt service	44,378	44,377	44,311	66
Total expenditures	1,900,685	1,920,937	1,916,714	4,223
Total revenues	1,900,685	1,854,329	1,856,385	2,056
Total expenditures	1,900,685	1,920,937	1,916,714	4,223
Revenue over (under)				
expenditures	-	(66,608)	(60,329)	6,279
Other financing sources (uses)			•	
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Loan proceeds	-	-	· <del>-</del>	-
Fund balance appropriated		66,608	-	(66,608)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	66,608		(66,608)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(60,329)	\$ (60,329)
Fund balance				
Beginning of year			270,946	
End of year			\$ 210,617	

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina
Non-Major Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheets
June 30, 2014
(With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013)

Parks and Community Totals	Recreation Development Fund Fund 2014 2013		- \$ 58,341 \$ 95,289	- \$ 58,341 \$ 95,289		- 8 - 8 -	- 58,341 95,289	
Parks a	1		18,782 \$	18,782 \$		<i>s</i>	18,782	
	Cemetery Fund		↔	<b>₩</b>		<b>∞</b>		
Rural Business	Enterprise Grant Fund		\$ 39,559	\$ 39,559		89	39,559	
		Assets	Cash and investments Grant receivable	Total assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities	Fund balances	Total liabilities and

Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013)

	F. Br	Rural Business		٠	Parks and	Community	Totals	als	ı
	Gra	Enterprise Grant Fund	ပီ ၂	Cemetery Fund	Recreation Fund	Development Fund	2014	2013	1
Revenues									
Interest income	69	•	↔	34	1 69	69	\$ 34	\$ 78	
State Grant		ı		1	1	1	•		
CDBG Grant		•				•	ı	1	
Golden Leaf Grant		t			ı	ī	i	1	
Local match		t		•	t	í	•	t	
Contributions		1		•		ı	1	1	
Loan repayments		11,222			1	3	11,222	6,067	1
Total revenues		11,222		34	*	1	11,256	6,145	ı
Expenditures									
Administration		•		1	•	1	ı	1	
Rehabilitation		•			1	•	•	•	
Relocation		1		1	1	1	1	1	
Other		1		,	1	1	1	ı	
Clearance		•		ı	1	1	1	•	
Community service		48,204		1	1	\$	48,204	2,183	ı
Total expenditures		48,204			1	\$	48,204	2,183	1
Revenue over (under) expenditures		(36,982)		34	į	1	(36,948)	3,962	
Operating transfer (out)		•		<b>,</b>	,	1	i	t	
Fund balances Beginning of year		76,541		18,748	7	1	95,289	91,327	
End of year	8	39,559	8	18,782	· ·	· ·	\$ 58,341	\$ 95,289	_ 11

## Special Revenue Fund - Rural Business Enterprise Grant Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013)

			2013					
	Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		A	ctual
Revenue								
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12
USDA Loan				-				-
Loan repayments				11,222				6,067
Total revenue		8,840		11,222		2,382		6,079
Expenditures								
Other				_				183
Loans to businesses				48,204				2,000
Total expenditures	***************************************	48,204		48,204				2,183
Revenue over (under)								
expenditures		(39,364)		(36,982)		2,382		3,896
Other financing sources (uses)								
Fund balance appropriated	***************************************	39,364		**		(39,364)		-
Net change in fund balance		_		(36,982)	\$	(36,982)		3,896
Fund balance								
Beginning of year				76,541			***************************************	72,645
End of year			\$	39,559			\$	76,541

Special Revenue Fund - Cemetery Fund

## Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

#### **Budget and Actual**

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013)

		2014							
			Variance						
			Favorable						
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual					
Revenue									
Interest income	\$	\$ 34	\$	\$ 66					
Contributions		-							
Total revenue	***************************************	34	34	66					
Expenditures									
Administration		**		-					
Total expenditures	18,775	-	18,775	**					
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures	(18,775)	34	18,809	66					
Other financing sources (uses)									
Fund balance appropriated	18,775	-	(18,775)						
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	34	\$ 34	66					
Fund balance									
Beginning of year		18,748		18,682					
End of year		\$ 18,782		\$ 18,748					

## Special Revenue Fund - Parks and Recreation Fund

## Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -

#### **Budget and Actual**

## For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013)

	2014							2013	
	Bud	get	Ac	etual	Favo	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		etual	
Revenue									
Interest income	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	
Golden Leaf Grant				-				~	
Local funds				••				-	
Contributions				-				-	
Total revenue		-		-				-	
Expenditures									
Community service				-				-	
Community service - Golden Leaf Funds				-				-	
Total expenditures				-		**		***	
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures				-		-	٠		
Other financing sources (uses)									
Operating transfers in (out)		-		-		-		-	
Fund balance appropriated		-		-		_		-	
Revenue and other financing sources over (under)									
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	_		_	\$	-		_	
Fund balance									
Beginning of year				-				÷	
End of year			\$	-			\$	-	

#### Special Revenue Fund - Community Development

# Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

## From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

						Variance				
	Proj		Pri	Prior		rent	Tota	l to	Favor	able
	Author	ization	Yes	ars	Year		<u>Date</u>		(Unfavo	rable)
Revenue										
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total revenue		-		-				-		-
Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	***************************************			*		-		**		***
Revenue over (under) expenditures	Management			-	Marking designation and the second	***	***************************************			
Other financing sources	***************************************	-	WWW.deatharton.com	-				-		
Revenue and other sources over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	-		-	\$			
Fund balance, beginning						•				
Fund balance, ending					\$	-				

Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type
Water and Sewer Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		riginal udget		Final udget		Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenue								
Operating revenue								
Water sales	\$		\$		\$	390,927	\$	
Sewer sales						722,676		
Late fees						22,396		
Reconnection fees						11,845		
Other operating revenue						4,681		
Total operating revenue	1	,144,420	1	,187,510		1,152,525	***************************************	(34,985)
Non-operating revenue								
Interest income				\		_		
Total non-operating revenue		15		•		**		**
Total revenue		,144,435	1	,187,510	**********	1,152,525	***************************************	(34,985)
Expenditures								
Water and sewer administration								
Salaries and employee benefits						145,132		
Training						170		
Postage and telephone						9,752		
Utilities						12,584		
Maintenance and repairs - equipment				•		4,090		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles						-		
Equipment rental						4,250		
Advertising						45		
Auto supplies						6,790		
Departmental supplies						15,782		
Uniforms						1,438		
Medical exams						475		
Contracted services	<del></del>			***************************************		-		
Total water and sewer								
administration		209,700		207,417	\$_	200,508		6,909

Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) (continued)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (continued)			****	
Water treatment				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$ 65,158	\$
Training			785	
Telephone			5,071	
Utilities			14,876	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment			44,661	
Departmental supplies			4,704	
Uniforms			777	
Dues Total water treatment	154 (10	120 547	830	0.605
Total water treatment	154,619	139,547	136,862	2,685
Water maintenance				
Salaries and employee benefits			41,358	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment			5,207	
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles			7,461	
Auto supplies			19,323	
Departmental supplies			17,249	
Uniforms			586	
Total water maintenance	87,475	92,764	91,184	1,580
Sewage treatment				
Salaries and employee benefits			27,675	
Professional services			70,874	
Training			170	
Telephone			10,230	
Utilities			114,389	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment			42,326	
Departmental supplies			16,437	
Uniforms			693	
Total sewage treatment	274,437	293,443	282,794	10,649
Non-departmental				
Insurance and bonds			23,071	
Vacation			23,009	
Bad debt expense			(844)	
Building maintenance			2,910	
Professional services			1,946	
Total non-departmental	\$ 44,738	\$ 55,233	\$ 50,092	\$ 5,141

## Enterprise Fund - Proprietary Fund Type

#### Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) (continued)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

ror the r	iscai Year Endec		Variance			
•	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		orable vorable)
Expenditures (continued)						
Sewer maintenance						
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	\$	\$	44,249	\$	
Maintenance and repairs - equipment				5,483		
Maintenance and repairs - vehicles				13,953		
Auto supplies				22,367		
Departmental supplies				6,814		
Uniforms				724		
Total sewer maintenance	75,167	95,278		93,590		1,688
Sewer contract operations and maintenance						
Other operating expenses	36,000	33,750		32,789		961
Other operating expenses	30,000	33,730	***************************************	32,107		701
Total operating expenditures	882,136	917,432		887,819		29,613
Net capital outlay						
Capital outlay				-		
Net capital outlay	-	-		-		-
Debt Service						
				142,608		
Principal repayment Interest	•	-	•	121,469		•
Total debt service	262,299	270,078		264,077		6,001
I otal debt sel vice	202,233	270,076		204,077		0,001
Total expenditures	1,144,435	1,187,510		1,151,896		35,614
Revenue over (under) expenditures	-	-		629		629
Other financing sources (uses)						
Appropriated retained earnings	_		***********			
Revenue and other financing sources						
over (under) expenditures and						
other financing uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	629	\$	629
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified	l accrual) to full	accrual:				
Revenue over (under) expenditures			\$	629		
D. W. W. W. W.						
Reconciling items:				142,608		
Debt principal repayment				(270,423)		
Depreciation				(270,423)		
Interest income from Water and Sewer				65		
Capital Projects Fund				124,509		
Capital contribution				(3,241)		
Total reconciling items				(3,241)		
Change in net position			\$	(2,612)		

## Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Actual		Variance		
		Project	***************************************	Prior	Current	Total to	Fa	vorable	
	Aut	horization		Years	<u>Year</u>	Date	(Unf	avorable)	
Revenue:									
Sewer line rehabilitation project									
CWMTF State Grant	\$	173,773	\$	49,260	\$ 124,509	\$ 173,769	\$	4	
Interest income				-	65	65		(65)	
Total revenue		173,773		49,260	124,574	173,834		(61)	
Expenditures:									
Sewer line rehabilitation project									
Construction		928,212		-	426,924	426,924		(501,288)	
Professional services		-		49,260	44,316	93,576		93,576	
Contingency		-		-	-				
Total expenditures		928,212		49,260	471,240	520,500		(407,712)	
Revenue over (under)									
expenditures		(754,439)		-	(346,666)	(346,666)		(407,773)	
Other financing sources:									
Transfers from Water and Sewer Fund		-			-	-		-	
USDA revenue bonds		754,439			385,000	385,000		369,439	
Total other sources		754,439			385,000	385,000		369,439	
Revenue and other sources									
over (under) expenditures	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ 38,334	\$ 38,334	\$	(38,334)	

Section V.

**Statistical Section** 

# Schedule of Cash and Investments June 30, 2014

	Cost and Market Values
Cash	
Petty cash	\$ 850
Demand deposit - First Bank	1,182
Demand deposits - Branch Banking & Trust	115,249
Savings account - Branch Banking & Trust	50,000
Savings account - Branch Banking & Trust	15,689
Certificate of deposit - First Bank	17,600_
Total cash	200,570
Investments	
North Carolina Capital Management Trust	32,340
Total investments	32,340
Total cash and investments	\$ 232,910
Distribution by fund:	
General Fund	\$ 89,119
Special Revenue Funds -	
Community Development Block Grant	-
Cemetery Fund	18,782
Parks and Recreation Fund	-
Golden Leaf Project Fund	-
Capital Projects	38,334
USDA - RBEG Program	39,559
NCHFA	-
Enterprise Fund	47,116
Total	\$ 232,910

Analysis of Current Year Tax Levy For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	To		Total	Levy					
						Property Excluding			
				· •		egistered		gistered	
	Property	<b>.</b>		Total	Motor			Motor	
	Valuation	Rate		Levy	Vehicles		Vehicles		
Original levy									
Property taxed at									
current year's rate	\$ 103,837,260	0.73	\$	758,012	\$	680,452	\$	77,560	
Releases			***************************************		-	-			
Net levy				758,012		680,452		77,560	
Less-Uncollected taxes a	at June 30, 2014		***************************************	68,519	***********	59,425	*	9,094	
Current year's tax	es collected		\$	689,493	\$	621,027	\$	68,466	
Current levy collection	ction percentage			90.96%		91.27%		88.27%	

## Town of Fairmont, North Carolina Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2014

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2012		Additions		llections and Credits	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2013		
2013-2014	\$	_	\$	758,012	\$ 689,492	\$	68,520	
2012-2013		90,534			48,504		42,030	
2011-2012		33,886		-	4,426		29,460	
2010-2011		20,242			1,846		18,396	
2009-2010		16,475		-	1,516		14,959	
2008-2009		11,751		-	520		11,231	
2007-2008		9,642		-	116		9,526	
2006-2007		6,793		-	596		6,197	
2005-2006		3,851		•	110		3,741	
2004-2005		3,717		-	(334)		4,051	
2003-2004		1,581		-	1,581		-	
Prior years		-		-			-	
	\$	198,472	\$	758,012	\$ 748,373		208,111	
Less - Allowance for uncollection  Ad valorem taxes received			al Fund				208,111	
Reconcilement with revenue:								
Taxes - Ad Valorem - Genera Penalties	l Fund					\$	767,582 (28,402)	
Discoveries							-	
Amount written off -								
For tax year 2003-2004 per	statute	of limitations	3				1,581	
Other							7,612	
Total collections and cre	edits					\$	748,373	

Section VI.

**Compliance Section** 

## S. Preston Douglas & Associates, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MEMBERS
American Institute of CPAs
N. C. Association of CPAs

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
And On Compliance and Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Town Commissioners Town of Fairmont, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditin Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Fairmont, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Fairmont's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2014. The financial statements of the Fairmont ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Fairmont's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Fairmont's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a matieral weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider significant deficiencies. 2014-01.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Fairmont's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial

statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2014-01.

#### Town of Fairmont's Response to Findings

S. Prestradouglan of Ossouta, Lep

The Town of Fairmont's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion in it.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lumberton, North Carolina

October 27, 2014

### Town of Fairmont, North Carolina For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### Finding 2014-01

A prior period adjustment was made in these financial statements. The adjustment moved debt from one activites section to the other. Overall net position of the Town remained unchanged. However, guidance from the AICPA suggests a material prior period adjustment be considered a significant deficiency. See Note 6 for a more detailed explanation of the circumstances surrounding the prior period adjustment.

#### **Description of Condition**

A rare obligation to repay certain proceeds due to non-performance of certain grant requirements was carried in the Governmental Activies section of the Statement of Net Position rather than in the Business-type Activities section.

#### Cause of condition

To expedite booking what was a contigent liability two years ago, the obligation was recorded in the Governmental Activities section of the Statement of Net Position. At the time it was felt the obligation was the responsibility of the Town, in general. Subsequent discussion with the Finance Officer and members of the Local Government Commission indicated that since the original grant pertained to Water & Sewer Fund infrastructure, the corresponding obligation to repay the original grant should be contained there as well.

#### Effect of condition

While the overall financial condition of the Town remains unaffected, the financial health of the individual Activities of the Town are affected.

#### Recommendation

The previously described prior period adjustment properly addresses the matter.

#### The Town's response

Essentially agrees with the foregoing. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Town's Finance Officer properly budgeted the repayment of the obligation in the Water and Sewer Fund.

#### Auditor's Remarks

We appreciate the Town's efforts and commitment in resolving this finding and thank the Town for its diligent efforts in this matter and its extreme co-operation and assistance during the audit process.

#### **Applicable Laws and Regulations**

Noted above.